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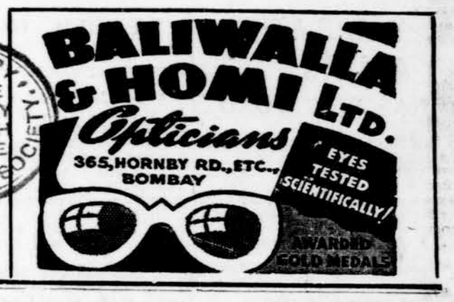

AICC Takes Stock Of Nation's Government

MOVE TO GINGER UP MINISTRIES

Talks On Restoring Congress Prestige

DEHRADUN, May 22 (U.P.I.)

CONSTRUCTIVE and helpful criticism of administration marked the proceedings of the "secret session" of A.-I.C.C. held today to discuss the "root cause" of many of the complaints contained in non-official resolutions.

This was the first time since popular ministries came into being that the A.-I.C.C. members were provided with an opportunity to discuss the affairs of the administration.

The main theme of discussion was how to check the "declining prestige" of the Congress and how to maintain the true significance of the ideals of truth, honesty and social equality around which traditions of the Congress had been built.

Two important speeches made were by Pandit Nehru and Acharya Kripalani. While Pandit Nehru explained the Government viewpoint, Acharya Kripalani is reported to have blamed the administration for widespread corruption in the country.

Initiating discussion on the subjects of the organisational defects of the Congress and also improvement in the relations between the P.C.C.'s and the provincial Ministries, Dr. Rajendra Prasad in the course of his 45-minute speech is reported to have exhorted Congressmen to devote their time and energies in carrying out the constructive programme of the Congress.

He is understood to have opined that conflict between the Provincial Congress organisations and Congress Ministries was inevitable as the functions of these two sections of the Congress were not well defined.

He is further reported to have added that both failed in their duties. In some cases the Ministries had not carried on their duties in the way in which the people wanted them to carry on their functions; and in other cases the average Congressmen failed to make the proper approach.

CO-OPERATION

Dr. Prasad is reported to have asked both sections to develop better co-operation between them henceforth. He is stated to have opined that if average Congressmen carried on constructive work, the failings of the Ministries could be supplemented and most of the dissatisfaction would be wiped out. Congressmen had been complaining that the Ministries were not taking effective steps to stop blackmarketing and hoarding. But in his opinion the average Congressman made the proper approach in a spirit of co-operation.

STRENGTHEN IT

Addressing the delegates for over half an hour, Pandit Nehru, Prime Minister of India advised them to strengthen the Congress and devote to constructive work. Pandit Nehru is understood to have admitted that there was corruption in the country, but he said this was nothing new; it was one of the effects of war.

There was no country in the world which was not affected by it. Great Britain perhaps was the only country, he added, which fought corruption out. In India it was not of such magnitude that they should shout about it.

Referring to criticism that the Government had failed to nalionalise industries, Pandit Nehru said that in principle it was good, but the means of country did not permit it. Every country got a limit of money and they had their own. They thought it was better to extend industries than extending money in acquiring them.

Making a reference to the Communists, Pandit Nehru is reported to have said that he was not opposed to the ideal of Communism, but the Communist Party in India was antinational. They wanted to create confusion by sabotage and armed insurrection. Therefore, he said, they should beware of them.

The Socialists were patriots, but they were confusing the end. If the Government accepted that idea, they would only weaken the country.

ENQUIRY COMMISSION

Mr. Jagat Narain Lal of Bihar is understood to have asked the A.I.C.C. to appoint a five-man commission to enquire into the activities of the Ministries in order to find out if criticism of the Ministries was right and recommend ways and means of improving relations between the Congress organisation and the Ministries. He suggested that the Commission consist of Pandit Nehru, Sardar Patel, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, Maulana Azad and the Congress President himself.

SCATHING ATTACK

Making a scathing criticism of the administration, Acharya J. B. Kripalani is reported to have said that the task of the Congressman was the task of a reformer. Reformers, however, could only create an atmosphere and that advantage of atmosphere was taken by legislature and administration. Therefore, to lay blame on Congressmen was "absurd". It was the duty of the administration to wipe out corruption. Administration, Acharya Kripalani is understood to have said, had failed to do so.

After the British Government left, the Government had two courses before them—make a choice between Western Socialism and Gandhism. The administration failed to make a choice, according to him.

SOBER SPEECHES

The speeches of A.I.C.C. members discussing the conduct of Congress Ministries and their relationship with the organisation at today's secret ses-

(Continued on page 5)

Bid For New Blood In Congress

DEHRA DUN, May 22 (API).—A convention of young Congressmen will be held at Delhi in July to chalk out a programme for "revitalising Congressmen" and to consider ways and means for organising a bloc of young Congressmen, according to a statement issued by 25 members of the A.I.C.C.

The signatories to the statement, including Messrs. Ansari Harvani, Mahesh Dutt Misra, Mohansingh Sanney and Phakir Chandra Roy, say: "The Congress organisation is fast sinking into tired repose. But the Congress must be revitalised. We feel, therefore, that only such young men who have fought for national freedom and have not deviated in their loyalty to the Congress can save it from plunging into chaos and anarchy.

"We have long looked to our leaders for help and guidance. But events were moving fast and inspite of our best endeavours to focus leaders' attention on many important problems, we have not succeeded in convincing them of the dangers that lie ahead. As Congressmen we cannot shirk our responsibility.

"We today see that ideals of truth, honesty and social equality around which the traditions of the Congress have been built are losing their significance. We must fight to have these ideals. This will be nothing new in the history of the Congress. Those young men who still have sparks of idealism must take a pledge to infuse new life into the Congress organisation."

Executive's Talks

DEHRA DUN, May 22 (UPI).—The Congress Working Committee which had a four-hour sitting this morning is understood to have discussed the Manbhum situation created by the recent Satyagraha and heard a deputation from Karnataka.

It is understood that a small committee consisting of Mrs. Sucheta Kripalani, Dr. P. C. Ghose, Shri Jagjivan Ram, and Shri Prajapati Misra, President of the Bihar P.C.C., has been appointed to study the Manbhum situation and find out ways and means of an amicable settlement of the dispute between the Bengalee population of the district and the Bihar Government over the language issue.

A deputation from Karnataka is reported to have demanded that Mysore be included in the Karnataka Congress Province. They however, were willing to give autonomy to the State in respect of parliamentary affairs.

SWIMMING TRAGEDY IN NAGPUR

22-Year-Old Boy Drowned

NAGPUR, May 22 (UPI): A tragic death occurred this morning of a young boy of about 22, who was drowned in the city Municipal swimming tank.

The boy, Yeshwant Madhava Joglekar who had come recently from Jubbulpore, accompanied by his friends went to the swimming pool When the chaukidar of the tank gave a signal to the swimmers to get out of the tank, it was discovered that Yeshwant was conspicuously absent while his clothes were there. Immediately the chaukidar hurried with the clearing process and finally a body with face downwards was visible. The attempt of first aid to revive him failed.

SIX RECEIVE ACID BURNS

Demonstration Before Hooghly Congress Office

CALCUTTA, May 22 (UPI): Five persons were injured, one of them, seriously as a result of throwing of bottles and acid bulbs into the premises of the Hooghly District Congress office at Serampore on Sunday evening. They were removed to the Serampore hospital where the condition of Mr. Bhabesh Chatterji is reported to be serious

It is stated that about 50 persons were proceeding in a procession in front of the Congress office shouting anti-Government slogans. Five or six of the processionists entered the Congress office premises shouting anti-Congress slogans. Soon after they had left the Congress office, bottles and acid bulbs were thrown into the Congress premises, where a dozen men were seated. As a result six persons received injuries including Messrs. Bhabesh Chatterji and Sankar Lal Mukherji, Assistant Secretary, Hooghly District Congress Committee. A two-year-old child who was on the lap of Mr. Chatterji received minor burn injuries.

The police, headed by Mr. A. Chakraverty, Sub-Divisional Police Officer and other police officials soon arrived at the place and restored order.

PEACE IN KASHMIR FIRST, SAYS NEHRU

Plebiscite Only After Refugee Resettlement

DEHRA DUN, May 22, (A.P.I.)

PANDIT NEHRU, Prime Minister of India, said here today that "peace is an essential pre-requisite for a plebiscite in Kashmir.

Addressing a gathering of 50,000 at Azad Maidan, Pandit Nehru said that no plebiscite was possible in Kashmir unless the refugees were rehabilitated.

So long as raiders, who had driven out Kashmiris from their hearths and homes, remained in parts of Kashmir the return of refugees to those areas could not be expected, he added.

Pandit Nehru said that violations of cease-fire by Pakistan endangered the restoration of peace in Kashmir. 'We do not want conflict but we cannot deviate from our declared policy. We did not submit to force and we will not be cowed down by threats"

PRICE OF FREEDOM

Pandit Nehru said that the price of freedom and progress was blood, sweat and tears. He added: "We have paid the price of our freedom in blood, for our future progress we have to pay that price in tears and sweat. Our generation is condemned to hard labour. We have to build up a nation which has remained backward and have to make India great. The greatness of a nation does not depend on military strength alone but on the kind of life people lead We have attained political independence but it will be worthless unless we progress economically

The Prime Minister emphasised that the country's problems could not be solved through Governmental action alone. The Government needed full co-operation of the people. "If you co-operate with us", Pandit Nehru declared, "we will solve our food and other problems within the next two or three years".

LABOUR UNREST

Referring to Labour unrest in the country, Pandit Nehru said that coercion, whether used by Labour or by capitalists, would not solve the problem. The Government of India did not want any strike or lock-out during this critical period, but that did not mean they wanted to deny Labour of its rights.

India's stature, he said, had gone up in the eyes of the world and this had cast on her new responsibilities. As the Foreign Minister of India it would be his constant effort to contribute to world peace.

Pandit Nehru made a reference to his jail life in Dehra Dun during the freedom struggle and said that he could not remember the number of years he was forced to spend here but remarked that he had more peace and quiet as a prisoner than he now had as the Prime Minister of India.

THREE FACTS OF POLICY

Pandit Nehru who spoke for nearly an hour declared that three facts of our foreign policy are firstly, prevent breaking of third world war; secondly, end racial discrimination and thirdly help smaller countries to get their independence, adds 'UPI'.

He said: "India is the only country in Asia where peace prevails today but this generation of the whole world has been sentenced to work hard. Our policy has been to strengthen Trade Unions in India."

Pandit Nehru further said that it was the duty of every Indian to contribute his or her mite to make the country great and strong. Real strength of a country lay not in gold or silver but in courage fortitude, capacity and determination of its people. Youngmen and women on whose shoulders the responsibility for managing affairs of the country was to fall sooner or later, must particularly prove themselves worthy of this great responsibility.

Thunder Showers In City Likely Today

BOMBAY, Sunday.

The overcast skies of the last two days which promised to afford the continuity of rain experienced in the Ghats and in the neighbouring areas of Bombay, afforded slight, though welcome relief to the city when shortly after dusk light showers brought down the temperature

The large holiday crowd that had stepped out along the sea-shore made hurried exit back.

The shower, however, was of a very short duration, lasting for not much more than a quarter of an hour during which the streets of Bombay glistened with familiarity.

The Weather Experts at Santa Cruz Observatory late in the night stated that cloudy weather with thunder showers are expected in the city and suburbs during the next 36 hours and during this period appreciable fall in the temperature is expected

HEAVY RAINFALL IN TAMILNAD CENTRES

MADRAS, May 22 (A.P.I.): Simultaneously with Madras City, there was heavy rainfall throughout Tamilnad including Chinglapet, Trichinopoly, Madura and Pudukottah, according to mofussil reports

Madras City had a record rainfall of 8.6 inches for thirty hours upto 8 a.m today.

The shallow depression formed earlier over south-west of the Bay moved northwards, intensified, and was centred this morning about 120 miles north-east of Madras and it is likely to move further northwards, stated today's weather bulletin.

ERNAKULAM, May 22 (API): Ernakulam and its environs experienced a continuous downpour for 14 hours since 8 o'clock last night with a break in the early hours of this morning.

The south-west monsoon expected in the first week of June normally has set in much earlier this year and 7.85 inches of rain have been recorded since May 15.

FOOD DEFICIT COULD BE WIPED OUT BY 1951

A Bright Picture Painted By Mr. Punjabi

NEW DELHI, May 22. (A.P.I.)

MR. K. L. PANJABI, Agricultural Secretary to the Government of India, said here today in a broadcast that their careful calculation had shown that, given normal seasons, India's food deficit, after allowing for increase of population, could be wiped out by 1951 by increasing production by ten percent only.

Mr. Panjabi said that each province and State had been busy making plans for increasing production and taking steps to implement those plans. Their effort was concentrated on getting more out of the land already under cultivation by use of improved seed, manure and irrigation. In addition weed-infested land was being reclaimed by tractors, tubewells were being bored by mechanical rigs and over 1,500 such wells had been dug in the Gangetic valley.

CULTIVABLE LAND

He said there were 85 million acres of land in the country which were cultivable, but were not under the plough, and at least ten million acres out of this area were good, fertile, cultivable land.

A scheme for reclaiming four million acres of weed-infested land and two million acres of new land during the next six years had already been prepared, he added. Out of this, eight lakhs acres could be reclaimed before June 1951.

Giving details of measures taken to improve cultivation, Mr. Panjabi said that during last year grants totalling rupees four crores were made by the Central Government and a similar amount was spent by the Provincial Governments.

He said altogether Rs. sixteen crores were spent during last year on wells, tanks, seed and manure and other means of increasing production. Half of this amount had been contributed by the cultivators themselves. Owing to increased demand for these subsidies, the Central Government had increased the grant to Rs. six crores during the current year.

'Big Three' Foreign Ministers Confer

PARIS, May 22 (UPA).—The three Western Foreign Ministers opened their second pre-conference meeting at the Quai d'Orsay at 10-30 today

It was the second huddle for U.S. Secretary of State Dean Acheson with Ernest Bevin and host. Robert Schuman, in an effort to line up a common viewpoint with which to face Andrei Vishinsky, Russian Foreign Minister, when the conference opens officially tomorrow afternoon. The meeting broke up at 11-50 a.m.

IMPLEMENTING GROW MORE FOOD SCHEME

Government Warning To Ahmedabad Officials

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

AHMEDABAD, May 22: "The duty of District Collectors is not only to establish law and order in districts, but they should see that the difficult food problem is solved by effectively putting in action the programme of 'Grow More Food'. Government will not tolerate any lethargy on the part of officers concerned regarding food problems," says a recent Government circular sent to all Collectors.

U. P. Food Procurement

LUCKNOW, May 22. (A. P. I.): The U. P. Government procured 45,000 tons of foodgrains during the first fortnight of May, a spokesman of the Provincial Government said here today.

The quantity of foodgrains procured during the period was equal to that procured during the corresponding period in 1947 the spokesman added.

FORRESTAL JUMPS FROM WINDOW AND DIES

Former U. S. Defence Secretary

WASHINGTON, May 22 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. James Forrestal, former United States Defence Secretary, committed suicide early today by falling from a window of the United States Navy Hospital, Bethesda, the hospital authorities announced.

The cord form his bathrobe was knotted tightly round his neck. In his room was a book of Greek philosophical poetry on the subject of life and death, and at the place where it was opened were notations in his handwriting.

Mr. Forrestal had been under treatment for "nervous exhaustion" for some weeks.

The hospital statement said "Mr. James Forrestal took his life at the United States Naval hospital Bethesda at 2 a.m. (local time) today by climbing out of a window adjacent to his room. Recently Mr. Forrestal had shown improvement

The authorities at the hospital told 'Reuter' by phone they had been ordered not to give any information beyond the original announcement.

Mr. Forrestal aged 57, was in hospital for a condition said by the medical officer in charge to be "directly the result of excessive work during the war and post-war years."

It was said that a period of rest and treatment would result in recovery, and Mr. Forrestal's only psychiatric symptom were those associated with excessive fatigue.

Rear Admiral N. L. Pugh, Deputy Chief of the Navy Bureau said this type of fatigue affects a person "physically and mentally."

"OUT OF HIS MIND"

Representative John Rankin (Democrat, Mississippi) said he would ask the Federal Communications Commission to take steps to prevent such "inhuman abuses" as broadcast by commentator Drew Pearson which said "I regret to report that Mr. Forrestal is out of his mind and has apparently been so for some weeks."

Pearson said Mr Forrestal was obsessed with the idea that the Russians were invading the United States and when a fire siren blew he jumped out of bed and had to be restrained. He said Mr. Forrestal later ran out of the house in his pyjamas, screaming about the Red Army, and was with difficulty caught and brought back into the house.

Mr. Forrestal was the second prominent American to take his own life in the past two years.

In November, 1947, Mr. John G. Winant, former United States Ambassador to London, killed himself by a shot through the head at his home in Concord after having been ill through overwork.

Mr. Forrestal had a room in the hospital tower about 10 or 12 stories above the ground. Early this month he was reported to be showing steady improvement.

He became Navy Secretary in 1944 when Mr. Frank Musa died and became the nation's first Secretary of Defence in September, 1947.

He had been Under-Secretary of the Navy previously and before that was Administrative Assistant to President Roosevelt.

BURMESE TROOPS RETAKE INSEIN

Karen Rebels Driven Off

RANGOON, May 22 (PTI-Reuter)

GOVERNMENT troops have reoccupied Insein, Karen stronghold, ten miles north of Rangoon, Burma Army Radio announced today.

On May 13, Government troops launched an all-out offensive to recapture this Karen insurgent stronghold, which was taken by the Karens on January 31.

Citizens have been urged to use as little water as possible following damage to the city's water supply by a rebel attack yesterday.

Water purification has been temporarily suspended owing to rebel activity around the main reservoir, 45 miles north of Rangoon

During the past seven months rebels have blown up Rangoon's water supply pipelines three times.

It is not definitely learnt (reports 'UPI') that Prime Minister Thakin Nu will leave Rangoon on May 28 for Calcutta where he will board the plane for London. He is expected to pay a flying visit to Switzerland He will be returning to Rangoon before June 7, when the monsoon session of the Union Parliament will commence.

KARENS FLEE

The Karens left behind 200 wounded and sick and 300 Karen non-combatants as well as quantities of arms and ammunition.

Civilians ran up white flags over the house-tops as the Karens moved out.

After the Karens captured Insein about 10,000 people including 5,000 Indians out of a total population of about 20,000 were evacuated to Rangoon during temporary 'cease-fire' periods. They included 45 British nationals.

Tonight's Burmese Government 'communique' reported further Burmese successes. Government troops were closing in on Daiku stronghold 78 miles north of Rangoon, taking in their stride three villages and killing 50 rebels.

The Law Is The Law!

RANGOON, May 21 (UPI).—For the possession of a single rifle bullet, Maung Ba Win was sentenced to transportation for life by a special judge at Maubin. Justice Aung Khine of the Rangoon High Court has now confirmed the sentence.

The punishment was severe, but the law had to be administered as it was found, remarked the High Court Judge.

One Hurt In Calcutta Police Firing

CALCUTTA, May 22. (A.P.I.): One man was injured when the police opened fire on a group of persons who, it is alleged, were found stealing wheat bags from the Kidderpore dry dock early this morning The injured was removed to hospital with three bullet wounds. Others managed to escape.

WOMAN FLIER MISSING?

TEHERAN, May 22 (PTI-Reuter):: Madame Andree Dupeyron French flier who made a forced landing in East Persia ten days ago, took off today in the direction of Bushire on the Persian Gulf. Five hours after she took off no news had been received of her.

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

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SITUATION VACANT

Wanted a Manager for Madhavbag Trust Salary Rs. 200, 5/300 apply stating qualifications and experience to Trustees of Madhavbag. (733)

M.T.B. College, Surat:— Applications stating age, experience and qualifications are invited for the post of Lecturer in History and Economics. Scale:— 150-10-300. Dearness Allowance at Government rates extra: Applications with testimonials should reach the Principal by 5th June, 1949. (4498)

Wanted an experienced M.B., B.S., Doctor, retired or fresh practitioner can apply. Free quarters will be given. Apply with testimonials and minimum salary expected. I. P. Solanki, Ex-Ruler, Bansda, Anand Bhuvan, Warden Road, Bombay. 728

Wanted a Gujarati General Clerk, knowing Typing. Apply Box No. 723, "Bmbay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced Compositors (English) for a leading daily. Apply with certificates to Box No. 205, "Bombay Chronicle."

Ladies earn from us, Rupees two eight instantly without labour, skill, trouble or investment whatsoever. Write for interview: Vikramy Office, Post Box 5545, Bombay. 729

SITUATION WANTED

Qualified Radios and Electrical Engineer, with own tools. Actually employed by progressive firm in Durban: "Domine". Seeks equivalent position anywhere in India. Reply: N. Naidoo. 23, North Street, Durban, South-Africa. (737)

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Wanted—100 members to enjoy friendship and prosperity with our large circle of Gents and Ladies. Apply for membership:—Free India Introductions. Nagercoil. 720

Gujaratis Attention! To know your Gujarati brethren India and world over join the Mahagujarat Parichaya Sangh, 14/6, Shanti Nagar, Arthur Road, Bombay 11. Particulars free. 724

ACCOMMODATION WANTED

A South African Indian leaving Durban wants room at Bombay. Write Box No. 736 "Bombay Chronicle".

HOTELS IN HILL STATION

Matheran—visit Lord's Central Hotel, with all home comforts. Phone No. 28. (3174)

MACHINERY FOR SALE

New Wilson Cold Start Horizontal Crude Oil engines at controlled prices. 45/49 BHP delivery 3 weeks; 33/36 delivery 6 weeks; Sole Agents Dinshaw, 105 Apollo Street, Bombay. 735

Anderson American 'DUO' large expeller with kettle, feeder and motor 25 H. P. A.C. capacity about 1500 lbs. seeds per hour, leaving 4% oil in cakes. Complete in good condition just received from England. Rs. 31,000/- Dinshaw, 105 Apollo St. Bombay. (711)

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted influential and respect-able Agents for the sale of Ayurvedic Medicines throughout Bombay Presidency. Terms lucrative. Apply: Managing Agents. Messrs. Shree Oushadhalaya Limited, 438, Russa Road, (South) Tollygunge, Calcutta. (4508)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Advertisement Media of India against 8 anna stamps from Box 731 "Bombay Chronicle".

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE.

Shop at Decora for Italian and American tapestry fabrics, plain and printed everglaze American Chintz. Czech cut and painted glassware etc., etc., 97A Queen's Road Bombay 1. (6778)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS are invited for one post of Statistical Officer in the Economic Research Section, Indian Central Jute Committee, on Rs. 350-25-650 p.m. plus usual dearness and other allowances admissible to Central Government officers in Calcutta. The scale is likely to be revised according to the Pay Commission's recommendations. Qualifications required are (a) a high degree in Statistics Mathematics or Economics. (b) sound knowledge of Statistical theory and (c) research experience in the application of modern statistical methods to economic and agricultural economic problems. Last date for the receipt of applications is the 15th June, 1949. Prescribed application forms and further particulars can be obtained on application from the undersigned:—

DR. J. V. LAKHANI. Secretary, Indian Central Jute Committee, 4, Hastings Street, Calcutta. 4480

PUBLIC NOTICES

UNITED STATE OF SAURASHTRA

APPLICATIONS are invited before 5th June, 1949, for the following posts for the Agricultural Assistants Training School to be opened at Junagadh.

1. Head Master in the grade of 100-3-120-8-150. Qualifications B.Sc. (Agri) or similar qualification and at least 3 years experience of teaching agricultural subjects. Age not more than 40 years.

2. Assistant Teacher in the grade of 90-5-100-8-140. Qualifications B.Sc. (Agri) or similar qualification preference will be given to experienced candidates. Age not more than 30 years.

3. Demonstrator and Farm Overseer in the grade of 50-3-80-5-100. Qualifications: Diploma or certificate of having taken training in a recognised school of Agriculture for a period of not less than one year.

All the candidates should possess thorough knowledge of teaching Agricultural Subjects in Gujarati.

Those who are already in Saurashtra Government service should apply through the Head of their department. In their case age limit may be relaxed if the candidates are found suitable.

(Sd.) SURSINHJI
DIRECTOR OF AGRICULTURE
United State of Saurashtra.

4507

CENTRAL INSTITUTE OF EDUCATION
(GOVERNMENT OF INDIA),
Cavalry Lines, Delhi.

APPLICATIONS for admission to the next session of the Bachelor of Teaching and the Master of Education Courses beginning July, 1949 should reach the undersigned by 15th June, 1949. Admission open to both men and women. Number of seats limited. Minimum requirements for admission to the B. T. course are B.A. or B.Sc. degree of a recognized University. Preference will be given to teachers and persons with high academic qualifications. Minimum qualifications for admission to the Master of Education course are B.T. with three years' teaching experience, the latter condition relaxable at the discretion of the Principal. Duration of both the courses is one year. Hostel accommodation available only for a limited number of students. Prospectus and forms can be had from the office of the undersigned on payment of eight annas in advance.

A. N. BASU,
Principal.

4478

ELECTRIC GRID DEPARTMENT
OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE STAFF FOR THE NORTH GUJARAT ELECTRIC GRID SCHEME

APPLICATIONS are invited for the posts of Junior Engineers (Electrical) at Ahmedabad, Barejodi, Nadiad, Anand and Kalra in the scale of Rs. 80-5-100-8-140-E. B.-10-220-E. B.-10-270 in the Electric Grid Department, Government of Bombay for Operation and Maintenance of the North Gujarat Electric Grid Scheme.

2. Higher starting pay upto Rs. 200/- p.m., in case of Graduates in Electrical and Mechanical Engineering and Rs. 132/- in the case of Diploma Holders may be allowed to well qualified candidates. The candidates will also be entitled to Dearness Allowance on the scale sanctioned by Government from time to time, and if posted at Bombay, Compensatory Local Allowance and House Rent Allowance admissible according to rules. The posts carry the benefit of the Contributory Provident Fund.

3. The posts are temporary but are likely to be made permanent.

4. The candidate should possess a University Degree or a Diploma in Electrical or Mechanical Engineering of a recognised Institution. Experience of operation and maintenance of 66 KV, 33 KV, 11 KV overhead transmission lines and substations, and L. T. distribution lines will be given a special preference Experience in relay and meter testing will be also considered an advantage.

5. Applications giving full particulars regarding age, domicile, educational qualifications, and practical experience, etc., should reach the Electrical Commissioner with the Government of Bombay, Electric Grid Officer, Foreshore Road, Bombay on or before 16-6-1949. 4464

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Jailors, Group III, in the Bombay Jail Department in the scale of Rs. 70-3-85-4-125-5-130.

2. The candidates must not be more than 25 years on 1-6-1949 and in the case of candidates from Backward Classes, 28 years on 1-6-1949. Ex-Servicemen and displaced persons will be allowed to count their previous service in computing the age limit.

3. Only those who are graduates of the Bombay University should apply with full particulars of Domicile, age, educational qualifications, etc.

4. The applications should be addressed to the Inspector-General of Prisons, Province of Bombay, Poona and should reach him by 31st May, 1949 at the latest.

5. No reply will be given to candidates, who are not selected for interview.

T. T. KOTHAWALA.
Inspector-General of Prisons,
Province of Bombay.

Inspr: Genl: of Prisons' Office, Poona, dt. 19th May, 1949. 4492

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS are invited before 28-6-1949 preferably from persons domiciled in the Bombay Province and non-Muslim displaced persons from Pakistan for ONE POST OF LECTURER IN EMBRYOLOGY, B. J. MEDICAL COLLEGE, AHMEDABAD, ONE POST OF LECTURER IN ANATOMY, GRANT MEDICAL COLLEGE, BOMBAY, TWO POSTS OF LECTURERS IN PATHOLOGY, B. J. MEDICAL COLLEGES, POONA AND AHMEDABAD, AND ONE POST OF LECTURER IN BACTERIOLOGY, B. J. MEDICAL COLLEGE, AHMEDABAD. PAY:—Rs. 400-700 PLUS cost of living allowance and house rent allowance as admissible under the rules with prospects of promotion to the posts of Professors and with the benefit of deputation abroad at Government expense for higher studies. Higher starting pay admissible in suitable cases. Private practice not allowed. QUALIFICATIONS:—(1) Post-graduate degree in Surgery or M.Sc. or Ph.D. in Anatomy or equivalent qualification for posts in Embryology and Anatomy and post-graduate degree in Pathology or an equivalent qualification for posts in Pathology and Bacteriology, (2) experience of teaching in the subject of at least two years, (3) registration under the Bombay Medical Act, 1912, in case of medical graduates. AGE:—Not more than 35 years on 1-9-1949, relaxable in suitable cases and not applicable to Bombay Government servants. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with four annas postage stamps and CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay, who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with Regional Employment Exchanges can obtain a form IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. 4504

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from BONA-FIDE residents of the Bombay Province and non-Muslim displaced persons from Pakistan who intend to settle down in Bombay Province for two Government Scholarships of the value of Rs. 80 per mensem for research work in Technical Chemistry tenable in India. Applications are specially invited from B.Sc.'s with Chemistry as their principal subject. Applications from those who are adequately grounded in Chemistry, Physics and some Mathematics and who are capable of doing useful technical investigation will also be considered.

Preference will be given to candidates who have had industrial experience or who have prospects of industrial employment on the termination of their scholarships. Candidates without industrial experience should not be more than 23 years of age and 24 in the case of non-brahmins. Candidates with approved industrial experience should not be more than 26 years of age.

Further particulars and prescribed form of application can be obtained from the office of the Joint Director of Technical Education, Elphinstone Technical High School Building, Dhobi Talao, Bombay. Applications for scholarships should reach the Joint Director of Technical Education, Bombay Province, Bombay, on or before 10th June 1949. Applications received after 10th June 1949 will not be considered. (4502)

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 30-6-1949, from women candidates domiciled in the Bombay Province and non-Muslim displaced persons from Pakistan FOR TWO PERMANENT AND PENSIONABLE POSTS IN THE BOMBAY MEDICAL SERVICE, CLASS II (WOMEN'S BRANCH), reserved for candidates with approved war service. PAY:—Rs. 200-650 PLUS dearness allowance as admissible under the rules. QUALIFICATIONS: M.B.B.S. degree or M.C.P.S. diploma obtained after 30-4-1944 or any other qualification specified in the 1st or 2nd schedule of the Indian Medical Council Act, 1933. AGE:—On 1-9-1949: after deducting period of war service, not more than 28 years for M.B.B.S. and not more than 30 for post-graduates. Age limit relaxable in suitable cases and not applicable in case of Bombay Government servants. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 4 annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay, who will supply full details on request. Persons registered with Regional Employment Exchanges can obtain the form of application IN PERSON at the Exchange Office. (4505)

INDIAN PATENT RIGHTS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Proprietors of INDIAN PATENT No. 32642, dated 12th June, 1945, for "IMPROVEMENTS RELATING TO THE REFINING OF CRUDE WAX OBTAINED FROM MINERAL OIL", being desirous of exploiting the same in this country, are prepared to grant Licences for manufacture in India on reasonable terms. Full particulars may be had on application to—

REMFRY & SON,
Patent & Trade Mark Attorneys
Calcutta. (4500)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY
THE B.E.S. & T. UNDERTAKING

SEALED TENDER for the supply of 24 Steel Shelving Cabinets with 9 Lockers (3 in a row) each, with 1 shelf in middle, will be received by the Chief Storekeeper up to noon on Monday, 30th May, 1949.

Tender forms can be obtained from the Chief Storekeeper, Electric House, Fort, Bombay 1, on personal application but will not be forwarded by post. (4501)

G.I.P. RAILWAY
AUCTION SALE NOTICE

THE DEPUTY GENERAL MANAGER 'Grainshops', G.I.P. Railway, Bombay V. T. notifies that an auction sale of condemned articles will be held at 10 hrs. on Sunday June 5, 1949 at the Railway Grainshop, Poona. Conditions governing the auction and the list of items being auctioned can be obtained free of charge from the office of the Assistant Controller, Grainshops, Poona. (4488)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from War-service medical licentiates for admission to the next session of the condensed M.B. course at the Lake Medical College, Calcutta commencing on the 15th July, 1949. 2. Government have sanctioned the grant of the following concession to war-service medical licentiates, and licentiates of Indian Domicile who served in Burma Army, admitted to the College subject to the exact extent of assistance being determined for each applicant on the recommendations of the Central or Provincial Selection Boards as the case may be:— Books upto Rs. 800/- on production of necessary vouchers countersigned by the Principal (for the entire period of training); Examination fee Rs. 80/-; Admission fee Rs. 25/-; Tuition fee— Rs. 500/- P.A. and Boarding and Lodging charges Rs. 780/- P.A. (The maximum maintenance allowance admissible to ex-army medical licentiates of West Bengal is Rs. 660/- P.A. but the question of its enhancement is under the consideration of the Provincial Government). Each candidate must submit a certificate either from the District Magistrate or Sub-Divisional Officer regarding his financial condition along with his application. The candidates coming from the different Provinces and States must produce letters of authority from their respective Government regarding the regular payment of their dues before admission, failing which they will themselves be responsible for such payment. The candidates from West Bengal, Madras, Bombay, East Punjab, Central Provinces and Berar, Orissa, Bihar, United Provinces and Assam will apply direct to the Administrative medical officer of the Province; who will make the necessary selection. Candidates from Centrally Administered Areas and Indian States, should apply to the Directorate General of Health Services, New Delhi through their Medical authorities. War Service displaced persons from Pakistan Areas should apply through the Administrative Medical Officers of the Provinces or Medical Authorities of the States where they have resettled. Prospectus and application forms may be obtained from the Administrative Medical Officers of the Provinces, Chief Medical Officers of the States or the Directorate General of Health Services, New Delhi. The last date for receiving applications is 15th June, 1949. Principal, Lake Medical College, Calcutta. (4499)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE
Sale of Plot No. 208, Situate at Wadala

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mohanlal Devchand, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted to sell the under mentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, equitable mortgage, deposit of title deeds, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:

All that piece or parcel of plot of Land or Ground situate at Anop Hill Street on the Sewri Wadala (north) Estate of the Bombay Municipality in the Island and Sub-Registration District of Bombay admeasuring 832 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Cadastral Survey No. 846 of Dadar and Naigaum Division being Plot No. 208 (north) of Sewri Wadala Estate Scheme No. 57 and bounded as follows: On or towards the East by 100 feet Road No. 15, on or towards the West by Plot No. 207, on or towards the North by Plot No. 209 and on or towards the South by 80 feet Road No. 18.

Dated this 21st day of May 1949

ADDRESS:
22, Kazi-Sayad Street,
Shak Gali, Bombay-9.

DHARAMSEY & MEHTA
Advocates for the Purchaser. (4506)

PUBLIC NOTICES

BOMBAY PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED BEFORE 30-6-49, from persons domiciled in the Province of Bombay and displaced non-Muslims from Pakistan for the post of ADIWASI LABOUR RELATIONS OFFICER. All other things being equal, candidates belonging to Backward Classes preferred. QUALIFICATIONS:— (1) A degree in Arts or Commerce, or a degree in Law combined with good knowledge of Economics and (2) knowledge of Marathi. Candidates with the following qualifications preferred: (a) training in Social Science in a recognised institute or the Government School of Training Labour Welfare workers, (b) experience of labour problems preferably that of social work among Adiwasis or Backward Classes and (c) workable knowledge of the dialects of the Adiwasis, such as Warlis, Katkaris, Bhils, etc. AGE:— Not more than 30 years on 1-9-1949. PAY: Rs. 250-500 PLUS cost of living allowance as admissible, and permanent travelling allowance to be fixed. Application form supplied on receipt of a large addressed envelope with 4 annas postage stamps and a CROSSED Indian Postal Order for Re. 1/- payable to the Secretary, Bombay Public Service Commission, Bombay, who will also supply full details on request. Persons registered with Regional Employment Exchanges can obtain the form on application IN PERSON at the Exchange office. (4503)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE of abaut 20 Tons Caustic Soda Flakes American make in drums of 400 lbs. on Saturday, 28-5-49 at 2-30 p.m. at our Rooms at 72, Meadows St. Fort under instructions from M|S. Jaychandra T. Sheth and on account and at the risk of M|s. Rajputana Mining & Industrial Works (of Ramganj Mandi Rajasthan (Kotah State)) defaulting purchasers.

Terms: 25 per cent cash deposit.
GANDHI & CO.

Under instructions from the B. B and C.I. Railway and in accordance with the provisions of Section 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890, MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 7th June 1949 at 2 p.m. (S. T.) at Carnac Bridge, Goods Depot, certain Unclaimed Booked and Unbooked packages.

MENESSE & CO.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

Surplus Stock of Japanese Cloth in Japan

In partial supersession of the Advertisement No. AC 15 for sale of Surplus Stock of Japanese Cloth in Japan, published in our paper on.....and.....the following conditions of sale may be noted:

(1) For processing of cloth in Japan, Exchange facilities will NOT be allowed.

(2) The buyer must undertake and arrange with the Reserve Bank of India to surrender the Foreign Exchange Earnings of the country of destination according to the regulations of the Reserve Bank of India.

The date of receipt of tenders etc., has been extended as given below:—

Last date for receipt of tenders: 4.6.1949.

Date of opening of tenders: 12 Noon, 6.6.1949.

Offers to be kept open up to: 4-7-1949.

A.C. 28

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SOOT BLOWERS
"TORRANCE"
PAINT MACHINERY
"BAILEY"
BOILER METERS.

Calcutta Custom House Clearing Agents, Enquiries Solicited. (2)

ESTIMATES OF GRAM SURPLUSES

Govt. Directive To Administrations

NEW DELHI, May 22 (API): The Government of India have directed surplus administrations to declare their provisional estimates of gram surpluses to the Government early this year, according to a press note issued by the Ministry of Food today.

This the press note said would enable the Government to make allotments to deficit areas and plan their movement in advance.

Stockists of grams, whose stocks were weevilled and had not been accepted for human consumption, the press note states, might now offer their stocks for allotment as fodder. Some stockists of gram were holding on to their stocks in the mistaken hope that gram would be decontrolled and movement would again be free.

The press note state that the Government of India had no intention of revising their policy of control.

LAST YEAR'S DIFFICULTIES

As a result of late declaration of heavy surpluses, the press note said, serious problems had been created for the Government. Though in October last year the Patiala and East Punjab States Union, East Punjab, Bikaner and Vindhya Pradesh administrations had offered only 94,000 tons of grams as surplus, report of accumulation of heavy stocks were received by the Government towards the close of the season.

Following an investigation, it was found that on May 1, total declared surplus in those areas stood at 3,10,000 tons. Of this 218,900 tons had already been moved to deficit areas.

As available transport was limited and substantial quantities of gram had become weevilled the Government had directed the recipient administrations not to reject gram on account of quality but to give quality allowance, admissible in normal trade.

From February to the middle of May this year, 14,800 tons of gram were thus moved from PEPSU and East Punjab.

The press note added that the Government of India still continued to receive a number of complaints from merchants about large stocks of gram deteriorating in some of the surplus areas.

ALLEGED CHEATING OF DAIRY FARM

Two Arrested In Ahmedabad

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

AHMEDABAD, May 22: Mr. Gresham Punjabhai Parmar, Municipal Councillor on the Congress ticket and Mr. Devnani Ichhashankar were taken into custody today on charges of alleged cheating to the tune of several lakhs of rupees on the name of the Lords Dairy Farm. They were later released on bail of Rs. 10,000 each.

It is reported that Mr. Parmar, Devnani and several other made transactions in the name of the Lords Dairy Farm in Allahabad and took several lakhs of rupees, pretending themselves as agents of that Farm. The Allahabad Police were making inquiries about this fraud, as complaints were lodged by numerous persons of alleged cheating.

The police also raided the Lords Dairy Farm and seized several account books and slip books. The fraud has caused quite a sensation in Ahmedabad and Allahabad.

REFUGEE WOMEN MOB MINISTER

DEHRA DUN, May 22, (U. P. I.): A large number of refugee women mobbed the Relief and Rehabilitation Minister Mr. Mohanlal Saxena's car this morning when he was leaving after attending the meeting with the representatives of refugees living in a camp in Dehra Dun. The Government have decided to disband the camps shortly and disperse them to various places while the refugees asked him to make the camps permanent.

While Mr. Saxena was leaving the meeting, refugee women numbering agout 50 surrounded his car and did not allow it to move. Mr. Saxena however slipped away from the car and reached his residence by another car.

KARACHI OYSTERS FOR CALCUTTA LUNCH

KARACHI, May 22, (U. P. I.): A leading member of the Italian Trade Mission, now back home, flew 60 dozen Karachi oysters bottled in a thermos flask for a lunch at Calcutta, which he visited during his tour. Mr. Jaleel A. Shaikh, Marketing Officer, Sind Fisheries revealed this today.

The Italian is understood to have enjoyed the delicacy. Oysters from the river were regularly supplied to the late Quaid-i-Azam's table.

ENFORCE PROHIBITION IN PAKISTAN

Jamait-i-Ulema's Demand

LAHORE, May 22, (PTI-Reuter): A meeting held under the auspices of the Jamait-i-Ulema-i-Pakistan here today demanded the enforcement of prohibition throughout Pakistan. The meeting also demanded the adoption of suitable steps to meet the "increasing Communist activities" in the country. Maulana Muhammad Ahmad, presided.

The meeting also demanded the implementation of the objective resolution passed by the Pakistan Constituent Assembly to give practical shape to the national demand for the adoption of an Islamic system of social justice as opposed to communism and capitalism.

KAMGAR SANGH ADAMANT

No Change In Sweepers' Strike Situation

BOMBAY, Sunday: There was no change in the nine-day old strike situation of Municipal sweepers of the city. The Municipal Kamgar Sangh was admant in its attitude that no call of withdrawal of strike was warranted unless the leaders of the Sangh who have been arrested were released unconditionally. The Union circles also insisted on their claim that about 12,000 Municipal sweepers were on strike. This claim was disputed by the Municipal Commissioner, Mr. B. K. Patel, who stated yesterday that nearly 8,000 Municipal sweepers were working.

Meanwhile, with the co-operation of the public and volunteers raised by the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and other organisations, the streets have been cleared of accumulated dirt.

Khetwadi Social Workers Congratulated

BOMBAY, Sunday: Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, visited several streets of Khetwadi, today, where Mr. Homi Taleyarkhan, member of the Municipal Corporation, and his co-workers are every day looking after the removal and destruction of kachra, from the locality. Among the workers Mr. G. S. Godal, Mr. K. B. Kasotia, Mr. V. B Kasotia, Mrs. Kalgutkar were introduced to the Minister by Mr. Taleyarkhan.

Mr. Morarji Desai congratulated them for the excellent public work they were doing to keep the area clean. He added if other wards also did the same and kept their respective wards clean he would not have felt any anxiety for the health of the city.

A RIPE M. A. DEGREE

NAGPUR, May 22. A 62 year-old Teacher, Mr. Ganesh Gangadhar Deshkar received the M.A. degree in Marathi of the Nagpur University, this year. He had graduated in 1947 when he was 60.—A.P.I.

THREE MURDERS IN ONE DAY

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, May 22: Three cases of murder were registered with the Police on Thursday.

In the first instance, one young Hindu lady Mrs. Jassi was found murdered in her house on Starachan Road. She was living with her aged father and brother Sobhraj Golani, a Pleader. Mr. Sobhraj had left on a short trip to India only on the previous day. Police have arrested their Pathan servant in this connection.

The second instance occured in the Lawrence quarter area in which one Bashir is reported to have murdered Abdul Aziz, proprietor of a washing company. The accused was reported to be on illicit terms with the wife of the deceased and was arrested while going in a carriage with her.

The third murder was reported on Mangho Pir Road when the police recovered the dead body of Sakhi Mohomed, a young navyman working on s.c. "Himalaya". His body had gunshot wounds.

Police are now conducting further enquiries in all these cases.

Convicted On Bribery Charge

KARACHI, May 22: Mustaq Ahmed, aa clerk of Permit Section of the Hyderabad (Sind) Collectorate, has been sentenced to six months' R. I on a charge of accepting bribes from Muslim refugees. Mr. Rewachand, a co-accused in the case was, however, squitted.

SEARCH FOR A NEW CAPITAL

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, May 22: The Government of Sind are now making a thorough search for a suitable place for their new Capital, since Karachi has been taken over by Pakistan, who seems unwilling to allow Sind to continue to have its Capital also in Karachi any longer.

A special committee of eight members of the Sind Legislative Tssembly has been appointed with Mr. M. H. Guzdar as Chairman, to select a suitable site and report to the Government within two months.

CENTRAL NATIONAL ART GALLERY

Hyderabad Grants Rs. 10,000

HYDERABAD, May 21, (API)—Maj-General J. N. Choudhury, Military Governor of Hyderabad, announced today a grant of Rs. 10,000 by the Hyderabad Government towards the construction of a Central National Gallery of Contemporary art in Delhi.

He made the announcement when he opened a travelling art Exhibition this morning at the Jubilee Hall of the All Saints High School here. The exhibition has been organised by the All-India Fine Arts and Crafts Society.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 21 April, 2017

GEMINI'S
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(Hindi)
ROYAL
OPERA HOUSE
Daily 3 Shows: 3, 6-15 & 9-30 p.m.
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and at
CITY LIGHT
DAILY 3 SHOWS
3, 6-15 & 9-30 P.M.
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ALSO AT
LIDO SANTA CRUZ
SWASTIK MALAD
NEW MODEL KURLA
VENKATESH VILE PARLE

11th COMBINED WEEK!
JAIMANI DEWAN'S
LAHORE
Starring NARGIS, KARAN DEWAN.
MINERVA Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
RIVOLI & JAI HIND
Daily: 1, 3-30, 6-30, 9-45 p.m.
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(Daily: 3-30, 6-30 & 9-30.)
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CITY & SUBURBS

Today

Hindu: Vaishakh Vad 11, 2005.
Muslim: Rajjab 24, 1368.
Parsi: Adar 23, 1318.
Sunrise: 6-2 a.m. Sunset: 7-9 p.m.
Hightide: 09-24, 21-01.
Lowtide: 02-58, 14-53.

Radio

BOMBAY, Monday, May 23.
BOMBAY A.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 flc/s)
TRANSMISSION I.
7-30 a.m. A. D. Vartak 7-45 S. B. Nagarkar (Shahnai recital) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Shor. 8-45 News (G).
TRANSMISSION II
244 m. (1,231 kc/s.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
12-45 p.m. Musical Interlude 12-50 Laxmibai Datar (Kanada songs) 1-0 News (G) 1-10 As in Bombay B 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Dance Music.
TRANSMISSION III.
244 m. (1,231 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
from 5-0 to 7-45 p.m.
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
from 8-0 to 11-0 p.m.
5-0 p.m. Shori 5-15 S. B. Nagarkar (Shahnai recital) 5-30 As in Bombay E 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-20 Gajananrao Joshi 7-0 Topic of the Day 7-10 Local Announcements and Weather Report 7-15 Leela Sharangpani 7-30 S. B. Nagarkar (Shahnai recital) 7-45 Savan Sangeet 8-0 Laxmibai Datar (Kannada Bhajan) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 As in Bombay B 8-45 India and the World 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 As in Bombay B 10-0 Tuna Indo-Lusa 10-30 Gaite Parisienne 10-45 Rusi D. Sethna-Tenor.
BOMBAY B
TRANSMISSION I
253 m. (350 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
7-30 a.m. As in Bombay A 7-45 News (K) 8-0 Gajananrao Joshi 8-30 News (M) 8-45 Durgubai Shirodkar.
TRANSMISSION II.
253 m. (850 kc/s)
31.41 m. (9,550 kc/s)
12-45 p.m. As in Bombay A 12-50 News (M) 1-0 A. D. Vartak 1-10 Suno Suno 1-40 News (H) 1-50 Bahnon Ke Liye.
TRANSMISSION III.
353 m. (850 kc/s)
41.44 m. (7,240 kc/s)
from 5-0 to 7-15 p.m.
61.68 m. (4,880 kc/s)
from 7-30 to 11-0 p.m.
5-0 to 5-30 p.m. As in Bombay A 5-30 Durgabai Shirodkar 6-0 Leela Sharangpani 6-15 Calling Rural Listeners 7-15 As in Bombay A 7-30 Commercial News 7-45 News (E) 8-0 News (M) 8-15 Durgabai Shirodkar 8-30 Saundariya Dhan Kashmir 8-45 Violin Per Shree 9-0 A. D. Vartak 9-30 Leela Sharangpani 9-40 Anything Goes 9-45 Poets of India 10-0 "Radio Natak Lakhwani Balpothi" 10-30 Gajananrao Joshi (Vocal).
BARODA: AHMEDABAD.
250 m. (1,200 kc/s)
TRANSMISSION I.
7-30 a.m. Morning Variety 8-0 News (E) 8-15 Purshottam Shinde (Khaval Desi) 8-30 Ni awari Mehta (Bhajano).
TRANSMISSION II.
6-0 p.m. News (E) 6-10 Narsing Prasad Kikani (Sitar) 6-25 D. N. Panchakshari 6-35 Gramjang Mate (From Baroda only) 6-35 Majur Bhalo Mate (From Ahmedabad) 7-0 'Nai Ma' 7-15 Topic of the Day 7-25 Musical Interlude.
326.1 m. (920 kc/s)
7-30 p.m. Jay Sukhalal T. Shah (Vocal) 7-30 Topical Item (From Ahmedabad) 7-45 Nileshwari Mehta (Bhajano) (From Baroda only) 8-0 Music Lessons 8-10 Local Announcements 8-15 News (G) 8-30 Afzal Hussain Khan 9-0 News (E) 9-15 Prashoottari 9-30 Narsing Prasad Kikani (Sitar) 9-45 As in Bombay B 10-0 Jaisukhlal T. Shah 10-15 Afzal Hussain Khan.

THE WEATHER

POONA, May 22.

The following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during past 24 hours from 1st April 1949 and departure from normal recorded at 8-30 hours (I. S. T.), on 22nd May, 1949:—

Ahmedabad 103 108 85 0 0 minus 0.3, Baroda 112 85 0 0 —, Belgaum 93 69 0.1 3.4 plus 0.6, BOMBAY 94 83 0 0 minus 0.1 Calcutta 93 81 0 15.0 plus 10.9, Colombo 84 76 0.3 32.7 plus 13.2, Delhi 99 80 0 0.2 minus 0.4, Hyderabad (Dn.) 99 82 0 0.5 minus 1.2, Lahore 103 77 0 0 minus 1.0, Lucknow 101 79 0 0.3 minus 0.4, Madras 79 75 6.4 8.6 plus 7.3, Nagpur 108 83 0 0.1 minus 8.8, Peshawar 77 0 2.5 plus 0.1, Poona 100 74 0.1 0.6 minus 0.3, Shola-pur 101 75 0.1 2.8 plus 1.9, Simla 73 59 0 3.1 minus 0.3, Surat 105 83 0 0 minus 0.2.

The following is the weather summary for Sunday, 22nd May 1949:—The depression in the south-west Bay of Bengal is centred at 08-30 hours (I. S. T.) about 100 miles east of Madras. It is likely to intensify and continue to move north-west.

Rainfall has been widespread in Assam, Mysore and the Madras Presidency with locally heavy falls along the north Coromandel and south Circars coasts. Thundershowers have occurred locally in Bombay Deccan and South Hyderabad and at a few stations in sub-Himalayan West Bengal, Chota Nagpur, the Central Provinces, the Konkan and north Hyderabad.

Day temperatures were appreciably below normal over the region extending from West Bengal to the West United Provinces and in the eastern half of the Peninsula.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THE EVENING OF 23RD:—Rainfall will be widespread in Assam and the Peninsula south of lat 17 degrees north and occur locally in the rest of the Peninsula. Scttered thundershors are also likely in west Bengal, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the south-east Central Provinces and in and near the hills of the East Punjab and the West United Provinces.

RAINFALL WARNING.

Locally heavy rain is likely to occur again along the north Coromandel and south Circars coasts and extend into the Madras Deccan and south-east Hyderabad during the next 36 hours.

CHECK AGAINST DOUBLE AID TO REFUGEES

Instances have come to the notice of Government where displaced persons have applied for allotment of a plot of land or a hause to the authorities concerned in more than one province or in more than one locality in the same province. There have been cases where the same person has actually secured allotment of a house or a plot in two different provinces or in more than one locality in the same province and has accepted all of them.

It has been the endeavour of Government to provide residential accommodation to every displaced person—either in evacuee hause or a house constructed by or on behalf of Government or a plot on which the displaced person builds his own house with or without Government assistance. If Government are to succeed in this task, the utmost economy will have to be exercised because of financial considerations and the non-availability of building materials. It is, therefore, clear that whatever assistance Government are able to afford should be on the most equitable basis among the largest number of displaced persons.

Government have decided that any displaced person who is guilty of obtaining such double aid will be liable to forfeit all claims for any rehabilitation assistance from Government.

Displaced persons who give information to the authorities concerned of cases in which more than one allotment has been secured by any person will be given special consideration at the time of making new allotments.

Displaced persons who bring fresh evacuee porperty to the notice of the Custodian concerned will also be entitled special consideration in the allotment of that property.

EGYPTIAN JOURNALIST'S DISCOVERY

Abdullah Is A Puppet!

While the Egyptian Press Delegation was in India, they visited Kashmir and were highly impressed by the personality and performance of Sheikh Mohammad Abdulla, the Premier. And they were not inarticulate about their appreciation of this hero either. Once out of this country that cloak of friendliness has been discarded.

Below is a sample of the way we are represented outside by alleged friends. It is an extract from an article published in "Rosal Yusuf", Cairo, by Ehsan Abdul Quddus, a member of the Egyptian Press Delegation which recently visited India.

"On the plane that took me to Srinagar, I was surprised to see that Sheikh Abdullah, the Prime Minister of Kashmir, was the one sitting besides me.

"I wonder what made me ask him suddenly: "Why did you choose to annex Kashmir to the Indian Union?" He replied quietly: "We shall talk about this subject at length later on."

"From the discussions that took place between us, I searched for the national home of Sheikh Abdullah. I imagined that his home was Kashmir alone. He asks for its independence without being annexed either to India or Pakistan. He wants all the States of the world—including Russia—to guarantee that independence for Kashmir, and to make out of it the Switzerland of Asia. But, he withdraws what he says and admits that this is impossible, and that the ambitions around Kashmir cannot be resisted. You understand from what he says that Kashmir has to be annexed either to India or to Pakistan.

"When you reach that stage in the conversation, the picture of the Indian army occupying that territory in Kashmir ruled by Sheikh Abdullah jumps before my eyes, as well as the picture of the frequent visits of His Excellency to New Delhi where he is received as a hero and where Pandit Nehru receives him as a beloved brother.

"Yet, despite all that, when you penetrate deep into the thoughts of Sheikh Abdullah, you shall find that he has been deprived of the national home for which he struggled and that he is today without a country. He struggled for the whole of India, but India was lost and was replaced today by Pakistan and Hindustan. Normal conditions were restored in each one leaving him confused and puzzled, perplexed in his heart and embarrassed in his logic. His heart yearns for Hindustan and he weeps with anguish and torture for leaving Pakistan.

"During our stay in Kashmir, we were perpetually hearing the people in the processions shouting: "Shir-i-Kashmir....Zindabad", "New Kasmir....Zindabad." Zindabad means "long live."

"Some of these processions were natural, and some of the exclamations and cries came from the heart, but the major part thereof were forged and fabricated, prepared especially for our reception.

"It was supposed that Sheikh Abdullah, after he became Premier of the Kashmir Government, at which time the Maharaja, Hari Singh, was also the President of the State, would lessen his furious attacks on the Maharaja. But, Sheikh Abdullah did not lessen his fury but intensified it. This strange position between the President of the Kashmir State and its Prime Minister, leaves this question to wander in the minds of every person, namely, if the Ruler of the State does not support his Premier, and if Pakistan the nearby Muslim State does not support him, and if the people are so poor and weak as to be unable to defend and support, who is then his supporter against and protector from the Maharaja and against those armed Dogra tribes, and lastly against the armies of Pakistan?

"Here, the smile of Pandit Nehru, the Prime Minister of India, and the close friend of Sheikh Abdullah appears....It is a smile that conveys the right answer!"

WORKING OF EAST PUNJAB SALES ACT

Finance Minister's Assurance

SIMLA, May 22. (U.P.I.): Dr. Gopichand Bhargava, Finance Minister, East Punjab, in an interview referring to the threatened one-day token hartal by the business community in the Province, as a protest against the imposition of the General Sales Tax, said that such a step was "not necessary".

He said that his Government, after a full consideration of the suggestions, would carry out amendments and provide facilities wherever required.

SIX LEADING ARAB REDS ARRESTED IN ACRE

ACRE, May 22. (PTI-Reuter): Israeli authorities today arrested six leading Arab Communists who were trying to organise a demonstration at Acre's old city as a protest against the mixed Municipal Council which they said "did not represent the interests of the working classes".

The Council consists of three Arabs and three Jews appointed by the Military Governor of Acre.

Rajaji For Delhi

BANGALORE, May 22 (API): The Governor-General of India Mr. C Rajagopalachari left here this morning by plane for Delhi.

The Governor-General was accompanied by his daughter, Shrimati Namagiri, his son, Mr. C. R. Krishnaswami and his personal staff.

The Governor-General and party were seen off at the aerodrome by the Dewan of Mysore and other Ministers. The first battalion of the Mysore infantry presented a guard of honour.

In a farewell message on the eve of his departure, Mr. Rajagopalachari said: "I am very grateful to His Highness and his Government for the delightful week I have spent in beautiful Bangalore. It has given me great pleasure to see the admirable plans of city extension that are being executed with commendable expedition. Bangalore will always remain the most beautiful city of India. Nature has helped but no small credit goes to the traditions established in this respect by previous administrators which are being well maintained by their present successors".

Shipbuilding Expert Visits Creek Sites

KARWAR, May 21 (API): Mr. J P. Bourrelly, French ship building expert, appointed by the Government of India to advise on the problem of shipbuilding yards in India arrived here this week-end on a ship building survey in Karwar and Bhatkal.

Mr. Bourrelly is accompanied by Mr. P. L. Kumar, Development Officer (Mechanical Engineer) of the Ministry of Industries, Government of India and Mr P. H Dalal of the Industries Department of the Government of Bombay.

The party visited two creek sites in Karwar to examine their suitability for constructing a ship building yard Later they left for Bhatkal.

They are scheduled to visit Cochin in the course of their survey of potential ship building yards in India.

MANUFACTURE OF SOAP BY FOREIGN FIRM

Indian Interests' Protest

BOMBAY, Sunday: The All-India Soap Manufacturers Association has protested against the reported grant of permission to a foreign firm to manufacture soap in South India and has urged the Government of India to withhold sanction to "any such hasty proposal."

A committee of the Association which met here today adopted a resolution viewing "with grave anxiety and concern proposals to permit foreign companies to manufacture soap, as they are conviced that this would not only spell ruin to this useful industry, particularly the cottage part of the industry, but also result in growing unemployment and distress to labour."

EXPORTABLE SURPLUS

The Association which claims a membership of over 70 leading soap manufacturers all over India in their resolution, states that the Indian soap industry has an installed capacity of more than 2,25,000 tons. It managed to double its production from 90,000 tons in 1947 to 1,80,000 tons last year, but the estimated indigenous consumption is only 1,25,000 tons, leaving a large exportable surplus.

The resolution said that the industry was fully equipped, with financial and other resources, to expand and satisfy the country's full requirements at any time. India therefore need not depend on foreign countries for soap and throw away precious foreign currency. Glycerine, a bye-product of soap manufacture, could be exported to hard currency areas.

The industry was now facing a crisis which accumulated stocks everywhere will still further precipitate unless speedy measures are taken to tackle it immediately along right lines, the resolution said, adding: "The Association therefore appeals to the government of India, to withhold sanction to a such hasty proposal which is fraught with grave dangers to the industrial economy of the country."

4-Year-Old Boy Knocked Down By Car

BOMBAY, Sunday— A four-year old boy was knocked down by a passing motor car at Parel, last evening. He was removed to a hospital where he succumbed to injuries.

HYDERABAD, May 22, (A.P.I.): The Government of Hyderabad have now on hand a scheme for expanding the present telephone system with the construction of two new exchanges at Saifabad (Hyderabad city) and Secunderabad. The scheme is estimated to cost Rs. 1.12 crores.

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The Directorate-General of Disposals is publishing a series of Catalogues of Surplus Stores that are considered to be of use to Industrial Users. The stores are offered at fixed prices and to Industrial Users only for their use. The Second Catalogue will be published on 30-5-49, and applications for allocation of stores will be entertained up to 30-6-49.
The stores listed in the Second Catalogue include:
Diesel and Petrol Engines, Transformers, Lightning Arrestors, Electric Lamps, Electric Cables, Motors, Ice Plant, Pneumatic Tools and Spares for Air Compressors, Hacksaw Blades, Drills, Files, Reamers, Lathe Tools, Cranes, Pontoon Derricks, etc.
For further particulars of stores, application, allocation, etc., see Catalogue.
Copies of the Catalogue can be had from the Publicity Branch, Directorate-General of Disposals, New Delhi, and the Regional Commissioner (Disposals) at Calcutta, Kanpur, Bombay, Madras at Rs 5/- per copy in Cash or Money Order. Copies are not sent by V.P.P.
THE DIRECTOR GENERAL OF DISPOSALS, NEW DELHI.
A.C. 24

Banishment or Death?
In old fashioned Indian homes, incense or some other aromatic substance, is burnt to clear the rooms of pestilent insects that fly outside, but later return to annoy the inmates. SWOOP gives these pests no chance. It kills germs, flies, mosquitoes and other insects instantaneously, and renders the room immune against their return.
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The Bombay Chronicle

Men who prefer, in the internal life of a State, the path of perpetual peace to that of organised protest will sooner or later loose the habit of freedom.

—HAROLD LASKI.

CONGRESS APPROVES

The approval of the London Declaration by the All-India Congress Committee was as much a foregone conclusion as was its ratification by the Constituent Assembly a few days before. In either case the approval was almost unanimous, which shows that the country stands foursquare behind Pandit Nehru and his Government. The A.I.C.C. has in particular endorsed the view that Pandit Nehru's acceptance of the declaration is in accordance with the directive given in the foreign policy resolution of the Jaipur Congress and it maintains the full sovereign independence of the Indian republic. No criticism in the debate has shaken this decisive view of the declaration.

The main objections urged by a few critics were that the acceptance by India of the King as the Head of the Commonwealth even as a symbol of free association was inconsistent with India's republican character and that India's association with countries like South Africa and Australia pursuing a policy of racial discrimination did violence to India's dignity. The former objection is untenable as India's independence and republican regime are not in the least affected by the King's status in the Commonwealth. The objection is merely sentimental and a survival of old memories. The free association on equal terms of India and Britain does not in the least compromise the position either of Britain's constitutional monarchy or of India's republicanism.

The second objection too is equally untenable Countries like South Africa and Australia doubtless follow a wrong racial policy which India will continue to fight against but they cannot for that reason be treated as untouchable or unassociable for international purposes. Association with them should be permitted so long as our right to fight against that policy remains unaffected. Nor would it be wise to refer such disputes to the Commonwealth. For as Pandit Nehru pointed out, that would mean conferring on it the status of a super-State. Speaking generally, India's association with the other Commonwealth countries does not in the least imply that she accepts all or any of the policies adopted by those countries. As Pandit Nehru pointed out India may have pacts and treaties with Russia and U.S.A. for mutual benefit but that does not at all mean that India subscribes to Russian and American policies.

The main test of the London agreement is whether it imposes on us obligations which better our independence. There are no such obligations. It is downright nonsense to suggest that the agreement will drag us into the next war that Britain or other Commonwealth countries may join. Every Commonwealth country is absolutely free to stand out of such a war, even as Eire was to stand out of the last war under the Statute of Westminster. That freedom remains under the new and better conception of a Commonwealth. The Commonwealth, as now formed, is nothing more and nothing less than an association of free friendly nations, which have held together in different relations in the past but which are now absolutely free. Its constituent countries are, of course, expected to act as friends, to render voluntary acts of friendship for the common purposes of peace, economic well-being and general progress. It is either ignorance or old memories or anti-Congress party spirit that inspires a few people to peck at the agreement or imagine dangers where there are none. We have every hope that the new Commonwealth will, in the words of Pandit Nehru, help India to consolidate her freedom and strengthen the forces of peace in the world. The Congress and the Constituent Assembly have almost unanimously endorsed the London agreement, and the result is bound to be the same if the agreement is made the principal issue at the next elections. The Government may, therefore, go ahead confidently working out the implications of the agreement in the best interests of the country.

Medical Work In Bombay

The progress made by the medical schemes of the Government of Bombay, according to a detailed report which is before it, appears to be far from satisfactory. The causes, are paucity of trained men, lack of suitable sites and want of building materials. The fact, that, out of the estimated amount of rupees 97.42 lakhs, which was allotted for the purpose, a sum of only rupees 9.98 lakhs has been hitherto spent, will suffice to demonstrate that the task of implementing the schemes has proceeded at a snail's pace. The provision of facilities for medical help in rural areas is an urgent need of the Province; as a matter of fact it should take precedence over all other medical schemes, but so far whatever has been achieved is not very encouraging. Additional accommodation has been made in seven civil and four District Headquarters Hospitals, and the ambulance service has been attached to all the District Hospitals. Out of the projected eight cottage hospitals, two have been opened and sites for three more have been selected. And yet much more remains to be done in order to place medical treatment within easy reach of villagers.

The lack of suitable sites and building materials should not assume the proportions of a major obstacle when the Government itself has sponsored the schemes. The crux of the problem of rural medical relief is the availability of qualified personnel in the required strength. In this connection we are told that the programme of settling medical practitioners in rural areas has not met with the desired success as medical men are reluctant to go to villages. The availability of personnel hinges upon the provision of increased facilities for training and upon the creation of conditions which would encourage medical men to settle in villages. The conditions of admission to and limitations upon accommodation in the existing medical colleges are not likely to ensure, in near future, the supply of medical graduates in a larger number. The Government should, therefore, give immediate thought to the necessity of expanding facilities for and also of reducing the cost and if possible, the duration of medical training. For the diversion of medical men to villages, something like a National Medical Scheme, advocated by Dr. N. R. Acharya in his article which we published yesterday, is needed. Dr. Acharya has stressed the necessity of relieving medical men from the anxiety of earning their livelihood if they go to villages, and also the desirability of imposing a small per capita tax in return for the benefits which would accrue to the people from the National Scheme.

The Government should consider the possibility of evolving a province-wide rural medical scheme and should, further explore the ways and means of diverting medical men to rural areas. Since cities and important towns are allowed to grow without planning, they are able to absorb a certain percentage of new medical men every year; and the latter are not inclined to go to villages, because they find better prospects of practice in Urban areas. Relief to them from the anxiety of earning livelihood and better conditions of life are likely to encourage them to settle in villages. This should be the point for special consideration in the context of any National Medical Scheme. We invite the Government's attention to some of the existing resources of medical relief in rural areas; and they are privately managed charitable dispensaries and hospitals in a few district towns. All such institutions should be brought within the range of the official scheme and should be organised as units of medical relief.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

Striking a novel note, Mr. Ram Narain Singh said he was opposed to the two-party system of the western type, and believed that real democracy should be of the kind advocated by Bhima in the Mahabharata. Bhima went to the length of advising his opponent, Arjuna, to kill him.

—CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY REPORT.

* * *

In the Constituent Assembly, Mr. Karimuddin Ahmad (Muslim League or now ex-?) complained that Government's Muslim critics were silenced on the supposed ground that they still believed in the two-nation theory.

We are very tickled to find Mr. Karimuddin Ahmed blurting out that word "still"—if he will think it all out

* * *

Opposing a proposal in the Constituent Assembly by Professor Shah, Mr. Tajammul Husain said that in no civilised country in the world, where the democratic system prevailed the State met election expenses and asked why India, which was a poor country, should introduce that practice.

Because India is a poor country and the poor deserve a chance.

* * *

At the Security Council Sir Muhammad Zafrullah Khan claimed that Pakistan had the right to raise the question of Hyderabad on the same grounds as India had raised the question of Indians in South Africa

Hullo! Are the Muslims of Hyderabad nationals of Pakistan origin? Well may they, as they do, beg Pakistan to leave them alone.

* * *

Dr. Alfred Lozano, chairman of the U. N. Kashmir Commission, has left Delhi, with India's final terms" to join other members at Srinagar.

The next move is due after Pakistan has been assisted to give a suitable answer to the Commission's proposals

* * *

In a challenge to the opposition, Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan, the N.W.F.P. Premier, has, says a Peshawar message warned the sponsors of the newly formed Muslim League against employing any violent or unconstitutional methods.

Which of course are Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan's own special prerogatives, along with a number of other equally interesting methods.

* * *

Explaining his policy of clearing Australia of all Asians, Mr. Calwell, the Immigration Minister, asserted that more Asian students, businessmen, and tourists were coming to Australia and were all received with friendliness, courtesy and hospitality.

Only they shouldn't dream of making a home of that particular part of the earth, which has been, taken over from God's proprietorship by a few million White immigrants without any reference to Him.

CHINA IN DISTRESS

By Shri S. N. Agarwal

I HAD definitely included China in my educational tour of the world to propagate Gandhian ideology. But it was very doubtful whether the present political situation in China would ultimately allow me to break my journey at Shanghai. Sardar K. M. Pannikar,, Indian Ambassador in China travelled with us in the same Pan American Flying Clipper from Calcutta and he too was not sure about the advisability of staying in China under the prevailing circumstances. But several friends of the Indian Embassy and Consulate-General's office in Shanghai met us at the Airport and I decided to break my journey though only for a few days.

Shanghai is a very big city with a population of about eight millions. It is cosmopolitan in character inhabited by Chinese, Americans, Britons, Japanese and other peoples including about 600 Indians who are either businessmen or Sikh Durbans. The Consulate-General for India is stationed in Shanghai and is doing good work for the local Indian population.

UNREPRESENTATIVE

Though a big city, Shanghai does not reflect the true and ancient culture of the Chinese people. It has hardly any institutions giving an insight into real China. I had the opportunity of visiting the University of Shanghai and meet its learned President Dr. Henry Lin. But this University is run by American christian missionaries and has hardly any regard for Chinese culture and traditions. The Futan University which I visited later is more Chinese in character.

Many Professors in these universities are Americans or British and it is very curious that the Chinese students have still to go to England or America for their post-graduate studies. Technical terminology in Chinese language has not been standardised and Latin or International terms are used freely in University lectures. Besides text-books in Chinese, English books are popular with the Chinese professors and students. The study of the English language is also compulsory upto the High School classes; it is optional at the University stage.

I had an opportunity of meeting a number of Chinese intellectuals during my short stay at Shanghai. Dr Lin Tungchi, a professor of Political Science in the Futan University is also the Director of Haikwang Library of Western Thought at Shanghai. He invited me to speak to a select gathering of those who were interested in India and Mahatma Gandhi. I pleaded for closer cultural ties between India and China and the same sentiment was evinced by several Chinese friends.

IDEOLOGICAL CONFLICT

Majority of the population being Buddhist, there are many common factors in the ancient cultures of India and China. But the Chinese mind is torn between the conflicting ideologies of Confucius and Taoism. Confucius taught the ideal of duty, while Taoism emphasises personal freedom Perhaps, the greatest tragedy of China is not political conflict and Civil War: it is the excessive individualism of the Chinese people. They would inherently care first for themselves, than for their family or clan and last for the Nation. It is this deep-rooted defect of the Chinese character that is mainly responsible today for the great distress prevailing in China.

The World Buddists Mission also invited me to address them on the Philosophy of Mahatma Gandhi. Dr. Zee, the President of the Mission expressed deep sense of appreciation for Gandhiji's teachings which were very similar to the Buddhist ideals. An idea of sending a cultural Chinese mission to India was mooted at the meeting. I gave the members of the mission an idea of the newly formed Sarvodaya Samaj in India and several members including Dr. Zee readily registered themselves as Sewaks of the Sarvodaya Samaj.

Though China is a very ancient land with hoary cultural traditions, I felt that the average Chinese was not very serious about anything except his own living. This is partly due to the existing political and economic distress. But unless China learns to place national interests above individual gains, it may be impossible for her to be out of the woods in near future.

COMMUNISM

It is the innate individualism of the Chinese people which makes the future of Communism in China extremely doubtful. Although military strength of the Communists is achieving victory after victory and it seems merely a question of weeks rather than months or years before China would completely go down to Communists many intelligent people in China very seriously doubt the possibility of Communism finding deep roots in the Chinese soil. Communism is the very antithesis of individualism which today flourishes in China. They say that one of the main reasons why Britain and America are not helping the Nationalists in China is that they do not expect the Chinese Communists to go to the Soviet fold. They are 'Communists' only in the name but may align with the Anglo-American Bloc once they succeed in consolidating political power. Although I am very doubtful about the correctness of this thesis, it will be no wonder if the Chinese Communists throw away their cloak of Communism and begin behaving as individualistically as the rest.

ECONOMIC CRISIS

The distress of China was most acute in the economic sphere. The inflationary spiral was working havoc. A few months ago, the Chinese Government was forced to scrap Chinese Currency notes and introduce a new currency called the Gold Yuan or Dollars. At that time one American Dollar was convertible into four Chinese Yuan. The day I reached Shanghai one American Dollar could fetch Chinese Dollar notes to the tune of 2,00,000. The next day the rate was 3,00,000 and the day after ran into 4,00,000. Chinese notes of the denomination of 10,000 of even 50,000 had scarcely any value in the market. The small nail in my portfolio which was sent down for repairs

(Continued on page 5)

FRANKLY SPEAKING

An Impossible Policy

Mr. Arthur Calwell, the Australian Immigration Minister, has a mission in this world, the passionate zeal for which has blinded his vision and destroyed his commonsense along with all human considerations. The mission is to keep the continent of Australia a vast wilderness of exclusive preserve for a few million white men who are supposed to "own" that country and a few thousands white immigrants annually from Europe and White America. In devoted pursuit of this mission he is now determined to throw out all those Asians who had sought refuge during the war in Australia. And, of course, he would not allow Australia to be polluted with the presence as nationals of any human being who is "coloured" or has some "coloured" blood in his or her veins. The pity of it is that Mr. Calwell does not realise where, in his blindness, he is heading and where he also heading the people he has taken upon himself to protect against coloured contact or encroachment. The world is rapidly changing and the centre of importance and power is shifting back to Asia. The era of the White man, in terms of which Mr. Calwell and his colleagues think, is nearly over and cannot be prolonged even by the atom bomb of the United States—a mixed country itself, incidentally. By refusing to understand the character, factors and inevitable consequences of the succeeding era Mr. Calwell is, merely exposing Australia to trouble. If the Australian Whites are wise they can avoid trouble and conflict. What they cannot avoid is the eventual end of a "pure" and exclusively White Australia.

India's Last Word

It is not to be wondered at that Pakistan's reply to the last proposals of the U. N. Kashmir will, as a Karachi report says, be further delayed The first delay of a good few days was due to the excuse that the Prime Minister was out of the country doing a tour of nearly all the Middle East countries. Now, the Kashmir Sub-Committee of the Pakistan Cabinet will await the visit of the U. N. Commission and, presumably a report on India's reply, before it begins to formulate its own answer. This is an old strategy: to wait for the first move by India. But that does not matter much, so far as India, is concerned. This country's case is not dependent on diplomatic manoeuvres and strategy. It is a case which stands on its own merits and it is a case which India cannot compromise because a U. N. Commission is patently more interested in accommodating the aggressor than enforcing just conditions, conditions, moreover which had already been acknowledged and accepted by the Commission itself. Dr. Alfredo Lozano has been handed India's final terms and they constitute, so far as India is concerned, the last word on a question the solution of which has been prolonged in an irritatingly needless manner.

Momentous Meeting

As the next step to the lifting by the Soviet Union of the Berlin blockade, the conference of the "Big Four". Foreign Ministers on Germany is opening today, Monday, in Paris. It is starting in an atmosphere compounded of a desire for an amicable solution of the future of Germany and of differences and distrust among the Big Four. Several statesmen, responsible spokesmen of their respective countries, have, while welcoming the new development in the inter-allied relations regarding Berlin, have also conveyed the impression of being cautious, suspicious and generally sceptical of the other party's intentions and purposes. This is specially true of Western statesmen. The outlook, therefore, does not justify too much optimism. But the stakes are big. Both failure and success ould lead to tremendous possibilities for war or peace in the world. The change in the Berlin situation is the first bright sign of restoration of inter-allied understanding and collaboration. If the Paris conference fails it may well prove to have been the last opportunity. That is why the proceedings of the Paris conference will be followed with keen and anxious concern by a world desirous of peace and, therefore, earnestly wishing that the Big Four Foreign Ministers are guided by wisdom and good sense.

A Linguistic Controversy

The Government of Bombay has, after a fairly elaborate enquiry in the Dangs district, come to the conclusion that the people there speak a dialect "of which the base is essentially Marathi." It has accordingly decided that the official language of the district should be Marathi and that primary education should be imparted mainly in that language. But as the western part of the area is strongly influenced by Gujarati, Government states that a Gujarati school may be started wherever there is a demand for it from the parents of forty or more students. This is a fair compromise and should end the controversy about the language of the people in the district. Somewhat similar controversies have arisen in several border areas between two separate linguistic regions. If they are settled by the parties concerned with or without assistance from Government, one of the difficulties in the way of linguistic provinces will have been amicably got over.

Advance Prohibition

It is good news that the Bombay Government's Prohibition Bill has at last received the Governor-General's assent without any reservation. The Act will be enforced as soon as the necessary preliminary arrangements are made. Mr L. M. Patil, Minister for Excise, has good reason to declare that the public in general have wholeheartedly approved of the policy of prohibition and are sure to give their full co-operation in working it out He has also declared that there has been no increase in illicit distillation in recent months as a result of prohibition. Nevertheless, when complete prohibition comes to be enforced throughout the province, the temptation to evade the law will be perceptibly greater, though confined to a few. There should therefore be no complacency in the matter and sufficiently elaborate organisation should be maintained to prevent or tackle every evasion of the law. It is also necessary that in place of the liquor shops that have to be closed tea shops and centres for general recreation should be set up so as to divert the minds of liquor addicts; merely punishing the new-evaders will not suffice.

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Message Rate System—1

Mr. Sundaram, the General Manager, Bombay Telephone has been giving figures of the fall in telephone calls, trying to justify thereby the advantage of the message rate system. May I respectfully inquire from Mr. Sundaram whether he thinks that he is serving the Telephone subscribers by inserting a system which will deter them from making more number of calls. It appears that Mr. Sundaram has nothing to say in support of the system except the fall in the number of calls. The drop in the number of calls by itself is definitely not going to make so great a change as Mr. Sundaram has been showing. Such a precipitate drop may result in less work to the Telephone staff but at the same time it is bound to reflect on the revenue. The Government will have to revise the present Telephone charges and increase them to meet with not only the existing expenses but also the increase in the administrative charges which is associated with the Message rate system. The merit of the fall in the numbers of calls can well be appreciated only after a year or two when the subscribers know that they will not be called upon to pay more. The seriousness of such fall can well be computed by any person from the expected revenue of the Telephone and the past revenue the telephone department received from the flat rate system. I think the public will appreciate and will be thankful if he can assure us of the advantage in the fall in calls, by taking the revenue figures.

I request Mr. Sundaram to enlighten the public on the following problems facing the subscribers today:—

1 What steps have been taken to see that the subscribers, who are still connected to wrong numbers on their phone are not charged?

2 May the subscribers have a categorical assurance that the meters in the exchange do not "jerk" meaning, when the call is put through the meter instead of reading say, from 2 to 3 reads 4 or 6 or any higher number; thus registering more number of calls against one actual call.

3. Am I correct, if I say that a day to day record is maintained by the telephone department of the reading of the meters? If so, will the subscriber be furnished with the record of his meter reading on request. If not, will the telephone department not consider such day to day reading as essential to enable the subscriber to compare his record with the meter reading?

4 Is the Telephone Department aware that most of the Government and semi-Government offices have stopped giving the use of their telephones to the public after the new system has been introduced? Are public telephones provided in all localities, within easy reach, and particularly in the Government departments, hospitals and such other institutions where existence of telephone is very essential?

5 How many telephones does the Telephone Department expect to disconnect as a result of the notice recently issued by them to some of the subscribers whose telephones were installed during the war under essential certificate a nd are the notices given to all such subscribers or only a few selected ones? Will these telephones be given to the members on the waiting list with or without essential certificate?

It will be a great service to the public in general and subscribers in particulars, if Mr. Sundaram answers these questions.

N. S. BHATHENA.

Message Rate System—2

I believe that the message rate system may result in a good deal of inconvenience, difficulties and loss to business people who mainly depend on telephones for their transactions. The system has been tried in Ahmedabad but Bombay cannot be compared to that city and conditions are quite different here.

It is claimed that each subscriber on average gets 34 calls per day in Bombay. I admit that this is rather a heavy pressure on the telephone system. But I do not think that the message rate system is going to solve the problem. The authorities may be trying the method of trial and error. It is reported that the message rate system in Ahmedabad has proved to be a loss. Within 24 hours of the introduction of the system the number of telephone calls in Bombay have been reduced from 34 to six or seven. Under the present contract rates the number of calls is ten per day on the business telephone lines.

If the number of average calls goes down to less than ten then the system will prove to be a loss to the telephone authorities and unnecessary inconvenience to the public. I would like to suggest to the authorities that the present system of contract should continue, allowing 10 calls free of charge to the subscriber and chaging 1 anna for every additional call instead of 1-1/2 as. By this method the Government would have gained over and above their regular income extra money for the additional calls put through. It would minimise the pressure on the lines and also serve the needs of businessmen.

A BOMBAY BUSINESSMAN.

How Bombay Lives

While travelling on my usual 8-43 a.m. train from Santa Cruz to Church Gate, last Saturday I happened to glance at the last page of the Bombay Chronicle. I was horrified to see the photographs of the left food from tiffin-carriers being sold to lepers and beggars. What was more shocking was that I was able to recognise the woman who brings my lunch from my home to the office. I showed these pictures to friends and acquaintances who usually travel on the same train They were equally shocked for they too get to their offices tiffin from their homes. The paper passed from hand to hand till Church Gate was reached. You can imagine the stir and consternation the pictures must have created among all the office-going public who ask these people to bring their lunch. There can be no doubt about the authenticity of the pictures, especially the top one where the brisk sale of food is shown. I hope that this exposure will end this frightful custom.

—B. G. EDWARDS.

The Poor Middle Class

It is gratifying to note that the Government have introduced a Bill for the establishment and grant of providend fund to certain classes of workers by their employers. Legislations after legislations have been passed to protect the labour and to give incentive to the capitalists, but the unfortunate middle class have always been left in the lurch By middle class I mean the clerical staff employed by the thousands of Commercial houses. These humble workers toil from morning till night without practically any holidays or security of service.

Some of the business houses put down holidays on paper only but do not grant any to the workers. The staff are very meagrely paid. There is neither providend fund nor pension to the workers in quite a good number of these firms and hence there is no question of retirement. If the Government have a machinery to enforce legislations does it not apply to all classes of people alike more so to a class who need it most and whose contribution to the country's fight for independence has been of no mean order.

—A SYMPATHISER

Case For Afghanistan

"We read in the papers that the Foreign Minister Sir Zafrullah Khan of Pakistan often represents the case of Hyderabad and shows the members of the U.N.O. of the injustice done by the Government of India. Let us remind him that Hyderabad is surrounded by the Indian Union and geographically it cannot be separated from India. as the culture and language of the country is from the Indian Nation and 80 per cent of Hindus are in Hyderabad for centuries. If Sir Zafrullah Khan is so interested in Hyderabad's case, why cannot Sir Saheb show to the members of the UNO that six million Afghans, who are under the slavery of Pakistan today be separated from Pakistan. These six millions of people belong to Afghan Nation. Their language, culture, habits are one and the same. Even the political views of NWFP, Quetta, Baluchistan, and Tribal people are one and the same with the Afghan Nation. Their blood and religion is also the same. The big leaders like Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, Dr. Khan Saheb and all other leaders are today in jail on account of "Pathanistan" Does not Sir Zafarullah Khan know this? The treatment meted out to the Afghan people of the NWFP, the atrocities done against them by the Pakistan Government cannot be expressed on paper in black and white.

SARDAR HAFIZULLAH KHAN
SARDAR INAYATULLAH KHAN
SARDAR HABIBULLAH KHAN
SAYED MOHOMAD YAQUB KHAN

OPEN AIR

At this time of the year the huge sea turtles come up on to our shores to lay their eggs. They clamber laboriously up above the high water mark, scrape out a fairly deep hole in the dry sand, and deposit their eggs inside. When they have refilled the hole with sand they feel their parental duties are over, and make their way back to the sea leaving the eggs to hatch out by themselves. When the young turtles at last hatch out, they have many dangers to encounter, first from birds and other enemies on the shore as they make their first journey down to the sea, and then, in the sea, from fish, crabs and jellyfish. Sometimes, in fact very often, the eggs are discovered before they have the chance of hatching; many people consider them a great delicacy and keep watch during the season, digging them up as soon as they are laid. Jackals, too, seem to have a "nose" for turtle's eggs, and on more than one occasion we have seen the leathery shells of eggs which have been dug up by these greedy nest-despoilers! The turtles themselves are often caught when they come up out of the sea, for, like many water creatures, they are clumsy and slow-moving when on land.

D.R.

HAWK'S BILL TURTLE

County Cricket Championship

Winning Chances For Derbyshire

LONDON, May 22 (PTI-Reuter): New captains have led several counties to early success in this season's Championship cricket. Northamptonshire, Derbyshire and Surrey, all under new leadership, each won their first match in the programme.

Northamptonshire, besides importations of playing strength, they have been helped greatly by their new skipper, Frederick Brown, a very seasoned campaigner who previously played for Surrey and is a former England player. His inspired leadership and the ability with both bat and ball have had much to do with the County's improved performance.

Derbyshire led by 28-year old D. A. Skinner, have high hopes of being in the running to wrest the title from the last year's surprise winners Glamorgan. Skinner, a good batsman and bowler, has also a high reputation as a fieldsman—a department in which a captain's excellence can do much to urge his team to greater efforts.

M. R. Barton, the Surrey Captain and former Oxford Blue, can have few qualms about his position of responsibility, for he was a member of the side last year, when Surrey emerged as runners-up.

Another new captain is D. G. Clark, successor in Kent cricket to Brian Valentine. He received his baptism of county warfare at Gillingham against Northamptonshire and was on the losing side in that game, but is confidently expected to lead his side to many victories during the season.

Belgium Beat Wales In World Soccer Match

LIEGE, May 22 (PTI-Reuter): Belgium beat Wales by three goals to one in the International Soccer match here this afternoon. At half-time Belgium were leading to by three goals to zero.

PARIS, May 22 (PTI-Reuter): England completed a double over France today when, at Grenoble, they beat the Frenchmen in an amateur International Soccer match by two goals to one. England were leading at half-time by one goal to zero.

In the Day's Sport

HOCKEY
Association Ground

5-45 p.m. Greys 'A' vs. City 'A' (Final Emar Gold Cup).

FOOTBALL
Cooperage

5-45 p.m. Dandi United vs. St. Francis Goans 'B' (Summersgill).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel

3-45 p.m. Dockyards 'B' vs. Ordnance S.C.

4-45 p.m. Pds. Agnello vs. Blue Eagles;

4-45 p.m. Pdr. Agnello vs Blue Jaya.

BILLIARDS
Islam Gymkhana

6 p.m. to 8 p.m. S. N. Sanyal vs. Rafiq Dina; 9 p.m. to 11 p.m. W. Jones vs. A. S. Banett. (W.I. Billiards).

Stop Press

SHIP ABLAZE IN CALCUTTA HARBOUR

CALCUTTA, May 22 (API): S.S. "Olympus" a cargo boat now lying in Metiaburuz mooring of the Calcutta port is on fire.

It is stated that the fire broke out in one of the coal hatches at 7.30 tonight when unloading of coal from the ship was in operation.

The port fire-brogade are still fighting the flames with a number of fire floats and the fire has not yet been brought under control at the time of wiring.

MILITARY REGIME FOR COLUMBIA

BOGOTA, May 22 (PTI-Reuter): A new Conservative Military Cabinet headed by Colonel Rugulo Gaitan, former Chief of Police, took over the Government of Colombia early today.

CYPRUS ARRESTS

NICOSIA, May 22. (PTI-Reuter): One hundred and seventeen people have been arrested so far in Municipal Election clashes in Cyprus, it was stated officially.

CHINESE REDS' SUCCESSES

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22 (PTI-Reuter): Communist-controlled Peiping Radio said today that Communist troops had captured the towns of Ting Szekiaov and Sein Ning on the Canton-Hankow railway 50 miles south of Wuchang the capital of Hupeh Province. Four Nationalist regiments were wiped out and another 1,000 men captured, the Radio claimed.

Sidelights On Forthcoming Amateur Golf Championships

KEEN COMPETITION ANTICIPATED

LONDON, May 22 (PTI-Reuter).

TWO of Britain's Championship Golf Trophies are back in their homeland after a year's sojourn in the United States.

By this time next week they may be wrapped up in their cases ready for another trip across the Atlantic for the Amateur and Women's Championships will then be over and there are powerful American challenges for both titles.

At the same time there are several other parts of the world with representatives making a bid for the honours, and, whoever the new holders are at the end of the coming week, it is certain there will be some stirring battles over the 18 Holes of the several earlier rounds before the Championships are won. For the first time in history the British Amateur Championship is taking place on the Irish soil—at the Portmarnock. The women, meanwhile will be battling on in Wales on the Royal Sain. Davids course at Harlech.

INDIAN COMPETITORS TOO

Quantity as well as quality is represented in the American challenge for the Amateur honours with holder Frank Stranahan and 1947 Champion Willie Turnesa heading the onslaught. There are nearly a score of other Americans, but the cream of British and Irish Amateur Golf will be there, while such other parts of the world as India, Nairobi, Malaya, France, Singapore, and South Africa have competitors all of whom have made the long journey to Ireland with the hope of surviving a few rounds even if they are not optimistic enough to expect success. History has proved that in the 18 Holes matches the unexpected can happen so that surprises may be expected in the early rounds. As the weaker players are eliminated, the championship will progress to that stage when every match is a thriller and those fortunate enough to be at Portmarnock during the week are assured of a golfing feast.

The same can apply at Harlech where the American challenge is not numerous but it is powerful. Three players have crossed the Atlantic with the hope of succeeding Miss Louise Suggs who won for America last year after Mrs. Zaharias had been successful twelve months earlier.

Belgium have their best player in the women's field, Madame, Abbeloos, and the other challenge from abroad comes from South Africa. Two players of unknown reputations in Britain, have come from the Union and may well cause upsets. But on the event of the Championship it is the general belief that the trio of Americans offer the most formidable challenge to home talent.

Grace Lenczyk, holder of the American title as well as the Canadian must be regarded as Number One danger but Peggy Kirk and Ruth Woodward have not made the trip without some optimism.

THIRD TIME IN 8 DAYS

World Half Mile Relay NEW RECORD

MODESTO, California, May 22 (PTI-Reuter): The University of South California's half mile relay team, led by Mel Patton, 200 metres Olympic Champion, has broken the world record for the third time in eight days.

The team comprising of George Pasouali, Ronnie Frazier, Normnorm Stocks and Patton, covered the four by 220 yards relay distance in one minute 23.9 seconds last night at the California relays at Modesto. On Friday night the same team did the half mile in one minute 24 seconds and on May 14 in the West Coast relays at Freseno, they clocked one minute 24.4 seconds.

The previous world record was one minute 25 seconds set up by a Stanford University team in 1947.

Separate Match For U. P. Against Commonwealth

BENARES, May 22, (A.P.I.): The Board of Control for Cricket in India have agreed to allot to the U.P. an individual cricket match against the Commonwealth Cricket Team which is to tour India in the forthcoming winter, the Maharajkumar of Vizianagram, President of the U.P. Cricket Association said here today.

He added that the Indian side in the match will be represented by a Governor's eleven which will include players selected from all over India and not from the East Zone of U.P. alone. The venue for the match will be decided at a general meeting of the U.P. Cricket Association.

The East Zone match originally allotted to the U.P. will now be played at Indore.

W. I. BILLIARDS

I. M. D'Long's Easy Victory

BOMBAY, Sunday:

Finding good form this evening at the Islam Gymkhana I. M. D'Long easily accounted for A. S. Fezi by 628 to 394. Registering a long break of 89 D'Long lead other breaks of 57, 34 and 33 in support of his performance which completely outclassed Rezi whose best effort did not exceed 36

Earlier in the evening Percy Edwards got the better of M. Concessio with the scores at 456 and 379. Although the loser registered bigger breaks than his opponent—those of 48, 46 and 34 as against Edwards' 47—consistency prevailed in the long run and Edwards ran out a deserving winner.

PAREL FOOTBALL

BOMBAY, Sunday:

The deciding match of the Fourth Division Championship ended in a draw both GIP Rly 'C' and BB and CI. Rly. 'B' netting on one occasion each.

BB and CI Rly and GIP are the winners of their respective sections and they meet once again to decide the championship.

Earlier in the evening the Rainbow S.C. trounced the Young Comrades to the tune of five goals to nil.

Oscar 2, George, Ishwara Rao and Gopal netting for the winners in the third division of the Harwood League tie.

In the same Championship Ibrahim scored the only goal of the match for Lightning S.C. against Indian Hotels while V. K. Samaj were given a walk-over by the Air Services of India S.C.

English Soccer Side Beat France

PARIS, May 22, (PTI-Reuter): England wound up their strenuous five-match continental soccer tour with a three to one victory over France at the Colombes Stadium here today after a hectic battle fought out at a tremendous pace from start to finish.

There was little to choose between the teams and the French did not deserve the booing they got as the final whistle sounded. True, their forwards failed in front of goal, but that was the only way in which they were at least inferior to their English rivals.

Johnny Morris, the Derby country inside right, who played brilliantly, got two of the England goals and Billy Wright, captain of the side, scored the third.

There was a dramatic opening to the game, watched by over 60,000 spectators, the French getting a "gift" goal through their left-winger, George Moreel, after only 33 seconds play.

England, however, were leading by two goals to one at the interval.

Fanny Wins 3 Events In U. S.

NEW RECORD FOR 880 YDS. RELAY

LOS ANGELES, May 22, (U.P.A.): Holland's Fanny Blankers-Koen decided not to compete in the California Relays at Modesto last night which was a great disappointment to Northern California track fans who had hoped to see the famed Olympic runner

Mrs. Koen won three events in the Los Angeles Coliseum Relays on Friday night—100 meter sprint, 80 meter high hurdles which she won in 11.8 seconds, and 440 yards relay. In the latter she made up a 15-yard disadvantage to win. She drew the biggest applause of the evening for the latter feat.

The meet was also featured by a new world record for the 880 yards relay by the University of Southern California team anchored by Mel Patton.

The team was timed in 1 min. 24 secs. which was four-tenths second under its own week-old record.

Running again on Saturday night at Modesto the team turned the distance in 1 min. 24.9 secs.

Craig Dixon, University of California hurdle flash, competing in the Los Angeles Coliseum Relays, churned the 120-yards high hurdle in 13.9 seconds, which was only three-tenths of a second off the world mark. It cut four-tenths of a second off Dixon's own Relays record set last year.

W. Thompson, Olympic shot put champion and hometown boy who was honoured when they dedicated the Coliseum Relays meet to him, reciprocated by setting a new meet record. He tossed the 16 pound shot 54 feet 7-3/4 inches to eclipse the old Relays mark of 54 feet 3-3/4 inches set by Jim Delaney last year.

Fortune Gordian tossed the discus 180 feet 8 inches for a new United States record.

Bhopal Hockey

BHOPAL, May 22 (API): The All-India Obeidullah Khan Hockey Tournament started here yesterday at the Aish Bagh hockey grounds.

In all 43 teams have entered for this year's tournament.

Following are the results of the match played yesterday.

Feroze Gul "B" defeated Hyder Young Club Bhopal by one goal to nil.

Yousuf Pasha Club Bhopal defeated Rashidia Club Senior Bhopal three goals to nil.

Iqtidaria Sparks defeated Feroze Gul C. Bhopal by one goal to nil.

Tiger Club Bhopal defeated Yousuf Pasha Club "C" Bhopal by one goal to nil.

Rashidia Club Junior Bhopal drew with Yousuf Pasha Club B Bhopal.

Mills Offered Fight In America

CINCINNATI, May 22, (U.P.A.): Freddy Mills of England, wo Light-Heavyweight Champion, was offered dol. 80,000 by the Becker Boxing Club here to defend his title against the winner of the Lesnivich-Maxim fight.

Sam Becker made the offer to Jack Solomons, London promotor, by trans-Atlantic, phone, and to Ted Broadrib, Mills' manager, by cablegram.

Sneha Sammelan

MAHABALESHWAR, May 22: The Holiday Campers at Government House, Mahabaleshwar, deserve praise for the successful 'Sneha Sammelan', organized by them in close co-operation with the management of the Madhu Sagar Apiaries, Mahabaleshwar, and held at the spacious premises of the latter on the evening of Thursday, May 19, 1949.

Not less than 700 notable persons among whom were Their Excellencies, Raja Sir Maharaj Singh, the Governor of Bombay, and Rani Maharaj Singh, and other distinguished guests, were present.

Foodgrains Movement Body To Visit Saurashtra

RAJKOT, May 22. (A.P.I.): The committee, with Mr. Ratilal Mulji Gandhi as chairman appointed by the Government of India to investigate the movement of foodgrains from ports of import, is expected to arrive on a three-day visit to Saurashtra on May 27.

The committee during its stay will visit Bhavnagar and Navlakhi, the chief ports of import in Saurashtra.

INDIA'S REPLY NOT OPENED

U.N.C.I.P. To Wait For Pakistan's Note

SRINAGAR, May 22, (A.P.I.): The first full meeting of the U.N. Kashmir Commission here this morning decided not to open India's sealed reply to the Commission's final truce proposals until the receipt of Pakistan's reply next week.

The meeting also decided to depute Mr. Robert Macatee, American Member of the Commission and Mr. Erik Han, Personal Representative of the Secretary-General of the United Nations, to fly to Karachi to give certain clarifications asked for by the Pakistan Government.

The Pakistan Prime Minister had notified the Commission that he would meet the Commission Representatives from tomorrow. It is understood that the Commission Representatives will leave Srinagar for for Karachi tomorrow by special plane accompanied by their Legal Adviser, Mr. Migue Marin.

The meeting today lasted one and a half hours when Dr. Alfredo Lozano reported to the Commission on his conversations with the Government of India on the Commission's latest proposals.

Calcutta Arrests

CALCUTTA, May 22 (API): The Calcutta Police last night rounded up 240 bad characters, goondas and externees from different parts of the city

This was done as part of a police drive against crime in the city.

A.I.C.C. TALKS

(Continued from page 1)

sion "exceeded all expectation regarding moderation, sobriety, sense of seriousness and responsibility which characterised them", according to Mr. Kala Venkat Rao, General Secretary of the Congress, who gave a resume of the proceedings to the press at the end of the session.

Mr. Venkat Rao said that there was a suggestion for the appointment of a committee of three at a high level to clear misunderstandings, settle disputes and promote goodwill. Some emphasised the constructive programme and others frank and free exchanges of ideas. Two or three members dwelt upon the administration of controls while several emphasised the service ideals as against power-seeking.

Periodical conferences between the Congress heads and the Ministries were recommended and the need for a close scrutiny of the working of the Ministries to detect cases of nepotism and even corruption was emphasised.

The slow progress of prohibition was deplored as also the halting progress in respect of nation-building activities. The conflict between the need for nation-building activity and the abolition of zamindary and anti-inflation measures was referred to. One member deprecated the leaders of Congress speaking of corruption in the Congress. Another spoke of the financial difficulties of the Congress Committees under the new constitution.

CHINA IN DISTRESS

(Continued from page 4)

cost me 10,000 Chinese gold coffers. Every Chinese appeared to be a millionaire or even a multi-millionaire. How comic and yet so tragic especially for the salaried middle class in China. Silver Dollars which were not legal tender were being exchanged in the streets freely although it was illegal and even crimical to do so. But the Nationalist Government in China seemed to have broken down completely. The present Government is extremely corrupt and inefficient and cannot last for long.

LAST IMPRESSION

As I left Shanghai for Tokyo I felt very sad for the Chinese people. They are intellingent, hard-working and of old cultural traditions. But they lack serious and tenacious work and are deficient in civic sense and national solidarity. In India too civic sense is not very pronounced. We, therefore, must learn a timely lesson from China.

We Indians are very fortunate in having eminent leadership of Pandit Nehru and Sardar Patel. But unless we learn to put in hard and honest work for the good of the nation we cannot afford to be complacent about our future. China in distress is one of the greatest and saddest tragedies in world history. May China even at this late hour give up her excessive individualism and once again rise out of the ashes into a strong and progressive nation.

BATTLE FOR POOTUNG IN FULL SWING

Six Red Armies Thrust In Operations

SHANGHAI, May 22 (UPA).

THE furious battle for Pootung across the Whangpoo River from the city's north bund went into the fifth day with Chinese Communists pouring in reinforcements and the Government claiming an important victory around Kaochiao, 12 miles north-east of here.

Shanghai awakened with some relief to find the Reds had not penetrated Pootung defences in force to the river banks from which they could seriously threaten the heart of the city. During the night rainstorms and thunderclaps drowned out the sounds of artillery.

The situation at the north-west Woosung front was not clear as "communiques" referred only to developments of Saturday afternoon and night but it was believed that there was no major change, with Government lines still holding eight to 10 miles south-west of the strategic forts at the Whangpoo River's mouth.

During the night the deeptoned crash and bang of artillery reverberated from the Woosung front with occasional clatter of heavy machine-gun fire. Watchers atop buildings saw some Red tracer shells arching into the sky. The Pootung side was comparatively quiet during the night.

DEFENDERS FIRM

PTI-Reuter adds: The latest Shanghai garrison "communique" reported severe fighting in the north-western, western and south-western outskirts of Shanghai, but claimed the Government defenders were standing firm on all points.

Communist attacks against Tsipao, south of Hungjao airfield were described as particularly violent carried about by 1,000 Communist troops supported by eight field guns. The attackers, however, were encircled and were now being wiped out.

The 'communique' made no mention of the Communist blockade of Whangpoo, but the independent vernacular newspaper "Ta King Pao" reported that two Chinese vessels, the 'Minpeng' and 'Hungtah' were badly damaged when fired on by Communists from the East Bank near Tungkow yesterday while on the way to Woosung.

Supporting the report that the Communists had overrun the Pootung bulge opposite Woosung, correspondents aboard the Government gunboat saw Government warships plastering the area with tons of shells today. Communist troops were seen scurrying for shelter as the shells began landing on the sandy beach soon covered with a black pall of smoke.

NAVY STANDS UNITED

Admiral Kwei Yung Ching told the press the Chinese Navy was now solidly united following the deflection of Colonel Lin Tsun with his second Naval Squadron soon after the Communist crossing of the Yangtse on April 20.

More than a dozen warships were participating at present in the defence of Shanghai, he said. The Admiral also disclosed that about 15,000 tons of equipment had been left at Kiangnan Dock, south of the former French concession. The dock was believed to be the main target for Communist guns in an artillery duel today.

Persistent, but unconfirmed reports were current today that the Nationalists had blown up the dockyard. Late this afternoon huge fires were raging in the area.

Estimates by usually reliable sources said six Communist armies totalling more than 60,000 men were now engaged in the Pootung operations.

The semi-official Chinese Central News Agency claimed that 12,000 Communists were casualties when four Communist armies last night launched a violent onslaught against Nationalist positions near Kaichiao.

Reports from the port of Ningpo, in the Chekiang Province published in the "Ta Kung Pao" today, said the Communists had begun attacking Government positions along the Tsao Ngo river, 36 miles west of Mingpo.

They were attempting to push towards Ningpo city, which is only 20 miles north-east of Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek's birthplace, Genghau.

RED MAYOR READY

HONG KONG.—General Chen Yi is leading the Communist military operations against Shanghai and will be Mayor of the City when it falls into Communist hands, it was learned from usually reliable sources here today.

Unconfirmed report reaching Hong Kong said the Communists had already organised a new police force for Shanghai through their underground organisation in the City. The police were ready to take over their duties as the occupation progressed to foil any attempt to create disorders. No planes reached Hong Kong from Shanghai today.

Expansion Of Begumpet Airport

HYDERABAD, May 22 (API).—The expansion of the aerodrome at Begumpet on the outskirts of Hyderabad city is expected to be completed by the end of this year at an estimated cost of Rs. 10,500,000 it is learnt.

Under the scheme, the airport is to have one main runway, 5,600 feet long and another of 4,800 feet. The scheme also provides for the construction of three hangars.

PEOPLE IN THE NEWS

JAMSAHEB OF NAWANAGAR

RAJKOT, May 22 (API): His Highness the Jamsaheb of Nawanagar, Rajpramukh of Saurashtra, will start on a week's tour of the scarcity areas of Saurashtra on May 26, it is learnt here.

Mobike Racing Back In Poona After 10 Years

POONA, May 22 (API).

MOTOR-CYCLE racing activities were revived in Poona today, after a lapse of ten years, with the staging of the time trial race for 500 cc and 250 cc machines by the Deccan Motor Cycle Club.

Twelve competitors, four of them on a smaller horse-powered machines took off shortly after 6-30 a.m. at regular intervals of three minutes to cover a 237-mile route along Poona-Khopoli-Dharamtar-Mahad - Poladpur-Mahabaleshwar-Poona Road.

Seven of the riders on 500 cc machines completed the course within the specified time of seven hours with S. J. Laher, who rode an old cycle, being the first to arrive. He was followed by U. B. Aher, S. D. Dhumal, and A. J. D'Abreu of Bombay. Of the remaining competitors in this class, A. B. Nicholson had a fall and M. R. Gavad and H. R. Buhariwalla were out of the race because of machine trouble.

Three riders arrived back in the specified time of eight hours in the 250 cc class race. They were R. P Modi, G. V. Mane, and R. B. Aker

The last motor cycle race held in Poona was in 1939 when S. D. Dhumal covered the same course in seven hours and twenty minutes on one h.p. engine to win the open race.

BURMA SHELL TROUNCED

First Division Harwood League Football

BOMBAY, Sunday:

Tata Sports Club trounced Burmah Shell Sports Club by seven goals to one. Tatas dominated play throughout and dictated terms throughout. This was Tata's first game in the Harwood League.

In the opening half Tatas scored through Peter Ferrao twice and on resumption Anthony, Menezes, and Braganza netted, while Peter Ferrao continued his good work by putting in two more goals. Vaz reduced the margin for Burmah Shell.

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R. I. A. F.

OFFICER RECRUITMENT IN THE GROUND DUTIES BRANCHES

Recruitment is open for a limited number of Permanent Commissions in the EQUIPMENT and ACCOUNTS Branches and Short Service Commissions with prospects of a permanent career in the ADMINISTRATIVE Branch of the R.I.A.F Conditions of eligibility will be as given below.

AGE: 21 to 23 years.

QUALIFICATIONS

(1) EQUIPMENT BRANCH: B.A (Hons.), B.Sc. (Hons.), M.A or M.Sc., (any subject)—First or Second class.

(2) ACCOUNTS BRANCH: B.Com., M.Com., or Chartered Registered or Incorporated Accountants.

(i) For applicants possessing Chartered, Incorporated or Registered Accountancy qualifications, the age limit may be relaxed up to 27 years.

(ii) No age limit is to be relaxed for B. Com., or M. Com.

(3) ADMINISTRATIVE BRANCH: B.A (Hons.), B.Sc. (Hons.), M.A., or M.Sc., (any subject) or a Law graduate—First or Second class or Barrister-at-Law.

Preference will be given to candidates possessing higher qualifications in each case.

Candidates should appear in person at their own expense for preliminary interview as soon as possible. They should bring with them evidence of age, (Matriculation Certificate or its equivalent) and educational qualifications IN ORIGINAL. If already in Government employment a certificate from competent authority will be required to show that candidates have been permitted to apply and will be available on due dates for interview and tests, and if accepted, will be released for instructional courses and for service in the R.I.A.F.

Candidates previously rejected by a Services Selection Board are not eligible unless at least six months have elapsed since the date of last interview.

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A.C.2

UNESCO EXHIBITION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

India Invited To Participate

NEW DELHI, May 21 (A.P.I.): India has been invited to participate in the U.N.E.S.C.O. Exhibition on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights to be held in Paris in September, says a press note issued by the Ministry of Education here today. The object of the exhibition will be to show the contribution made by different countries and cultural groups to the development of human rights.

The Government of India, the press note says, will bring out with the help of documents, charts, inscriptions and other archaeological evidence the contribution of Indian philosophy and culture to the development of human rights.

This will include the evolution and application of the idea of non-violence in India, India's contribution of the idea of religious tolerance, the universalism of Indian philosophy, the rest for human personality and the place of women in Indian society and the rights of Indian citizen.

Setting Up Mechanical College At Sindri

PATNA, May 21 (API): The Bihar Government have sanctioned Rs. 70 lakhs for the setting up of a mechanical and engineering college at Sindri in the Jharia coal field area.

Dr. J. J. Rudra, former Principal of the Congress of Engineering, Guindy, Madras, has been appointed principal of the college which is expected to start functioning from 1950.

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R. T. C. IF SOUTH AFRICA IS WILLING

Mr. Setalvad Says It Can Be Arranged

GENEVA, May 22 (PTI-Reuter)

MR. M. C. SETALVAD, leader of the Indian Delegation to the United Nations General Assembly, on holiday in Switzerland, said today: "If South Africa is willing, a Round Table Conference with India could be arranged through diplomatic channels."

Mr. Setalvad was commenting on the 47 to one vote given by the General Assembly to a resolution calling on the two countries to discuss the treatment of Indians in South Africa at a Round Table Conference and urging observance of the United Nations Charter and the newly adopted declaration of human rights.

"The whole of our complaint against South Africa is based on non-observance of human rights", Mr. Setalvad said. "It is important, therefore, that the resolution should have spot-lighted the new declaration.

"That is why we are satisfied with the resolution, but it is very difficult to say whether anything will result immediately".

SINCERITY

Mr. Setalvad said, "One cannot tell what the attitude of South Africa will be. But there is reason to believe that, although nothing was discussed about the South African issue between Prime Minister Pandit Nehru and the South African Premier, Dr. Daniel Malan when they met in London, each was impressed with the sincerity of the other".

Mr. Setalvad said another subject which interested India at the General Assembly was the future of the Italian colonies.

The Indian view was that they should be under direct United Nations trusteeship.

"There was considerable support for this view, though it did not find a majority by reason of the mistaken objection that it was not practicable.

India, however, played a decisive role in defeating the Anglo-Italian compromise resolution which was retrograde and which, in effect, divided up the colonies between different powers and would have led to a continuation of colonial rule.

RELATIONS WITH SPAIN

A third point of interest for India, Mr. Setalvad said, was the attempt to relax the 1946 General Assembly resolution which barred normal relations with Spain.

The Latin American nations made a determined effort in this direction, India opposed it on the ground that the Government of Spain still retains an undemocratic and reactionary character and that there is no reason for any change in the United Nations attitude towards the Franco Government".

Mr. Setalvad will stay in Switzerland until May 29 when he will fly to Bombay by Air India International arriving there the next day.

M. C. Setalvad At Geneva

GENEVA, May 21, (PTI-Reuter): Mr. M. C. Setalvad, leader of the Indian Delegation to the United Nations General Assembly, arrived in Geneva tonight by air from New York.

He will spend a few days holiday at the mountain resort of Gustard, in central Switzerland, before continuing his journey to India.

Chandernagore Welfare Fund

CALCUTTA, May 20 (U.P.I.): It is learnt that the Administrator of Chandernagore has served a judicial notice on the President of the Municipal Assembly, Chandernagore, yesterday, demanding deposit of the whole amount of welfare fund in the local treasury within 24 hours, failing which legal steps would be taken.

It will be recalled that the welfare fund was created in November 1947, with the money collected from persons getting petrol coupons and licenses for lorries. The welfare fund, it is reported amounts to more than one lakh of rupees.

Bonn Constitution

FRANKFURT, May 21, (PTI-Reuter):— The State Parliament of south Wuerttemberg. French zone, tonight became the last west German legislature to ra the Bonn Constitution for a federal republic.

Ten out of the eleven St: have now voted for ratification—two more than the two-thirds majority required.

Economic Commission Issues Directive

BERLIN, May 21, (PTI-Reuter) Regulations which restore freedom of production to Soviet zone private industries were issued tonight by the German Economic Commission in Eastern Berlin.

Herr Bruno Leuschner, Deputy Chairman of the Commission, told the press that from now on private enterprise in the Sovt zone would have sufficient scope to compete with the zone's "people-owned" industries in a common effort to raise the living standard of the population.

'Quake Shock In Tokyo

TOKYO, May 22, (U. P. A.): An earthquake strong enough to rock downtown buildings struck Tokyo and the vicinity at 5 a.m. yesterday but the Government said no serious damage was caused. The quake could be felt here for about 25 seconds. Japanese style wood, and paper and tile homes creaked and swayed ominously causing many residents to run out of doors.

The Central Seismological Bureau reported the quake originated in the Pacific Ocean, about 20 miles off the coast of Fukushima, north of the capital.

CZECH PARDON FOR U. S. SOLDIERS

PRAGUE, May 22 (PTI-Reuter): President Klement Gottwald has granted full pardon to two American soldiers sentenced to terms of imprisonment in March by Prague State Court on espionage charges, the United Embassy announced today.

The men, George Jones and Clerence Hill, described by the United Sstates Embassy as deserters from the United States Army, will be put over the border into Bavaria in the American zone of Germany.

"Strong" representations were made by the United States Embassy after the Czech authorities arrested the men last December when they had crossed into Czechoslovakia from Bavaria.

Hill was sentenced to 12 years and Jones to ten years in prison.

French Army Chief To Visit Bao Dai

PARIS, May 22. (PTI-Reuter): General Georges Maries Revers, Chief of Staff of the French Army, who is touring Indo-China arrived today in Dalat Cochin-China, to pay a courtesy visit to Bao Dai, ex-Emperor of Annam, Agence France Presse reported from Dalat.

He was accompanied by M. Leon Pignon, French High Commissioner for Indo-China.

Mr. Tran Van Huu, head of the Provincial Government of South Viet Nam was also expected to arrive in Dalat today.

Peoples Party Backs Karl Gruber

VIENNA, May 21, (PTI-Reuter): The Austrian Peoples Party, holding a majority in Parliament, today unanimously approved a speech by the Foreign Minister, M Karl Gruber, last night, threatening to throw the Austrian draft treaty overboard.

Repeating points made by the Minister to the Congress, a unanimous resolution said in part: "If agreement is not reached now, then the liberation of Austria will have to be carried through without a treaty by the immediate withdrawal of the occupation troops.

"In case the negotiations should again fail, the Federal Government should immediately take upon itself the right to create its own army.

"Any great power refusing to withdraw its troops from Austria should be charged with aggression against the Austrian state before the United Nations."

Franco-Soviet Trade Agreement

PARIS, May 21, (PTI-Reuter: France has proposed negotiations for a new trade agreement with Russia and an answer from Moscow is expected shortly, it was learned today at the French Foreign Ministry.

Talks will start in June in Paris or Moscow.

The last Franco-Soviet trade agreement signed four years ago, was never fully carried out on either side.

29 KILLED IN TORNADO

U.S. Middle West Affected

CHICAGO, May 22, (PTI-Reuter):— At least 29 people were killed and over 250 injured in a series of tornadoes which swept through the United States middle west last night.

The death roll was expected to rise when disrupted communications are restored and more reports come through.

The tornadoes struck Illinois, Missouri and Oiwa damaging homes, destroying aircraft, cutting power lines, uprooting trees, smashing windows and severing water supply pipes.

At least 14 people were killed at Cape Girardeau Missouri, four at Shelbourne, and two at Terre Haute, Indiana, four at Palestine and four at Wood River. Illinois, and one at Clarksville, Missouri.

INDORE, May 21 (UPI): Mr. Homi Daji, Secretary of the local Communist Party, was arrested by the police for alleged subversive activities.

ARMED WORKERS' MILITIA

Demonstration In Prague Streets

PRAGUE, May 21 (PTI-Reuter):— Armed workers' militia staged a show of strength in Prague tonight, to back up security measures taken in advance of the Communist party's ninth Congress opening next Wednesday.

Militiamen marched by platoons through the streets and drove in lorries round the city. The police posted extra guards armed with revolvers and submarine guns at key points.

"BALANCE OF TRADE IN INDIA'S FAVOUR"

Madras May 21, (API): Mr. G. P. Pillai, former Indian Trade Commissioner in Australia, said here today that it should be possible for India to negotiate on a satisfactory basis a general trade agreement with Australia to the mutual advantage of both countries.

Mr. Pillai said in an interview that, under the existing conditions, there was a substantial balance of trade in favour of India. Over 75 per cent of import trade from Australia consisted of foodgrains and other commodities purchased on behalf of the India Government.

Kashmir News Letter

TITWAL'S LIBERATION ANNIVERSARY

Cease-Fire Violation Incidents

(From Our Correspondent)

SRINAGAR. (By Air Mail).

The first anniversary of the liberation of Titwal, a strategic position in the North-West of Srinagar, will be celebrated on May 23rd. Preparations are afoot to hold the celebration on a very grand scale.

The celebrations will take place in Titwal itself about 70 miles from Srinagar. There was no good road linking Srinagar with Titwal which is a mountainous area in the Muzarferabad district. Sheikh Abdullah, the Kashmir Premier, will take part in the celebrations, it is learnt. It is his first visit to the place of Titwal, it will be recalled, was liberated from the hands of tribal raiders and Pakistan forces on 23rd May 1948.

CEASE-FIRE VIOLATIONS

Maulvi Nazir Ahmed Masoodi, Administrator, Karnah and Titwal areas, has in a statement expressed on behalf of the people of those areas great concern over the cease-fire violations by the Pakistan troops in the Titwal sector. He has revealed that the enemy is entrenching himself on this front and that the activities of the Pakistan forces on the other side had compelled them to remain vigilant. On the borders between Sharda, Keran, Ashkote and Titwal covering about 50 miles on the left bank of the Kishan Ganga river.

Maulvi Nazir Ahmed added that Pakistan troops occasionally went upto Jagram river between Jagram and Kel. The whole area, he emphasised, was "no-man's" land upto the second week of January 1949.

Giving the background of the advancement of the Pakistan troops to Kel in "no-man's" land in the Karnah area in contravention of the cease-fire agreement Mr. Massodi revealed that Pakistan used service of Dakotas to drop supplies to cut off positions in Gilgit in last December. The Dakotas with some pre-plans dropped supplies a Kel in the "no-man's" land where no Pakistan forces were stationed. Later under the excuse of collection of these supplies Pakistan troops took possession of Kel and later in February-March 1949 they established themselves along the right bank of Kishan Ganga river as far as Fowlwal, in Gurez sector.

"ADULT-TAX"

Mr. Massodi furtner disclosed that the Pakistan troops also infiltrated into our area on this side of the river and harassed the local population. They also collected "Adult-Tax" at the rate of four annas per adult as a penalty. During their occupation the Pakistan troops looted all the valuable property of the school in this area.

Timber in the form of logs and scantlings worth lakh of rupees had been floated down the Kishan river to Pakistan. Forest officials of Kashmir Government who went to stop this misappropriation they were arrested and taken to Muzafarabad as prisoners.

Referring to the goondaism prevalent in the Pakistan held territory of Kashmir, Mr. Nazir Ahmed said that they did not ever spare a U.N. observer and Manhandled him. He added that a Pakistan military official beat a local Zaildar for telling the truth to an U.N. Observer by saying that the piquet in Tad had been established by Pakistan troops on 17th January after cease-fire.

CO-OPERATIVE MOVEMENT

Co-operative movement in Jammu and Kashmir state is at present in the process of revitalisation. The re-organisation work has been taken up five months back and the results have been both satisfactory and encouraging. This was revealed by the Registrar of the Jammu and Kashmir Co-operatives Societies department, Aga Syed Ahmed, at a press conference in Srinagar.

He revealed that previously there were about 4000 Societies with a membership of 60,000 which used to deal with loans only. The Co-operative department had decided that the whole village life should be dealt with and not only credit loans. So These Societies are being transformed from credit societies into multi-purpose societies. Already 121 multi-purpose societies had been established with a membership of 16,200 during the last five months. These societies deal in credit, marketing, supply of essential commodities, and also, where the members agree, joint cultivation.

The Registrar disclosed that within the next month 440 new co-operative societies will be established in the State.

Formerly the Co-operatives in Kashmir were sponsored and controlled by the Government but now the co-operatives are sponsored by the people and in this connection a Central Co-operative Council has been set up to supervise the work of co-operative districts of Jammu and Kashmir on the Council.

Co-operatives in Kashmir have begun to cater the people their consumer goods in urban as well as rural areas. The Kashmir Government has given a loan of Rs. 10 lakhs to the co-operatives for supply of consumer goods and during the last two months the co-operative stores have distributed 14,918 maunds of salt and 20 lakhs yards of cloth. Among the people living in Srinagar city and the villages of Kashmir valley, where the co-operative movement is much more organised, than in any other part of the State. These Stores have also distributed thousands of maunds of sugar and edible oil and thousands of tins kerosene oil as ration to the people. Some of the stores deal in tea, soap and spices etc. The co-operatives have a central store organisation in Srinagar under the name of Kashmir People's Co-operative store which is also a co-operative concern with thousands of Share holders.

Co-operative farming has been introduced by members of a village society, the area being 1339 kanals.

Carpet weavers and embroiders and workers in silk and allied industries have formed their own co-operatives and they are stocking their products for joint marketing.

It was revealed by the Registrar of Co-operative Societies that the leader of the Egyptian press delegation which recently visited Kashmir had promised to arrange purchase of Kashmir art goods worth Rs. 10 lakhs everry year for Egypt and other Middle East countries.

"NO SATISFACTORY RESULT FEASIBLE THROUGH U. N."

J. J. Singh On Treatment Of Indians In South Africa

NEW YORK, May 22 (PTI-Reuter).

SIRDAR J. J. SINGH, President of the India League of America, said tonight he did not believe that the question of the treatment of Indians in South Africa would be satisfactorily resolved by the United Nations.

"Nor," he added, "do I think that negotiations between the Government of India and the Government of South Africa will bring any satisfactory results."

He was speaking at a dinner given by the India League of America for Mr. Manilal Gandhi, son of the late Mahatma Gandhi who arrived here recently.

Sirdar Singh said he did not believe the African-Indian negotiations would be satisfactory, because "the White people who are ruling South Africa know that their days are numbered. They know that within a decade or so, the natives of South Africa are going to demand freedom from the White Man's rule.

SHORT-SIGHTED POLICY

"Because of this eventuality, the Malan Government of South Africa, and the other Governments that will follow Malan, are bound to have made more and more stringent policies with regard to racial discrimination.

"It is a short-sighted policy, and will undoubtedly hasten and intensify the demand of the African people to be free, but somehow or other, ruling classes seldom learn a lesson from history."

"My advice to Indians in South Africa would be to align themselves, without any mental reservation, with the people of South Africa, because it is with them that they will have eventually get their rights.

"As far as I can gather, point 4 of President Truman's Programme (announced in his inaugural address on January 20) is going to be applied, to extent, in the whole of Africa.

(President Truman's fourth point was a "bold new programme for making the benefits of United States scientific advances and industrial progress available for the improvement and growth of under-developed areas.")

"However, as soon as these backward areas come into contact with the other parts of the world, as soon as transportation facilities are established in the interior of the country, and as soon as vast industrialisation schemes begin to take shape, there will be organised Labour movements all over Africa and there will be movements for freedom from the European Imperialist powers. "I have no doubt that, just as in Asia European nations' Imperialist regimes have virtually ended, in about 25 years time the European powers overlordship in Africa will also end."

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A.C. 26.

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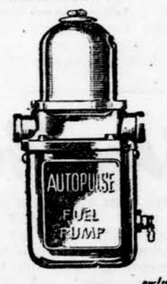

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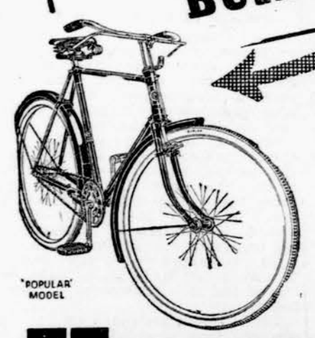

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Voters Clash In Cyprus Elections

NICOSIA, May 22. (PTI-Reuter): Many clashes between left and right wing voters were reported in all towns of the island of Cyprus today in the firs municipal elections since 1946.

Special police squads stood by to quell the disturbances in Nicosia, the capital: Two people were taken to hospital with serious knife wounds and others were injured by stones. One voter died from heart failure brought on by excitement. In the town of Arnaka, a police inspector was attacked and wounded.

The results were expected late to-night.

Strike On Berlin Railway

BERLIN, May 22. (PTI-Reuter): Soviet controlled railway police were reported in control of most of West Berlin's elevated railway at midday today, after 36 hours of skirmishes between anti-Communist strikers and pro-Communist strike-breakers. Since midnight 11 persons were reported wounded in shooting incidents, and West police had made 17 arrests.

An unknown number of strikers were reported to have been removed to the Soviet sector by railway police.

A few minutes after midday, strikers rushed and captured Charlottenburg station. One shot was fired by Soviet-controlled railway police, wounding a striker in the hand.

The crowds composed of about 2,000 strikers and their supporters, then linked arms and drove the 150 railway police, who had been in control of the station, down the track towards the Soviet sector.

ADVICE TO STRIKERS

Strike headquarters advised the strikers not to attack the stations which had been occupied in the early hours of this morning by armed railway police.

"We cannot fight machine-guns, rifles and tommy guns with stones and our fists", a spokesman at strike headquarters said.

"It is up to the West Berlin Police and the Allies to decide what to do about the situation now". The Western Allied authorities in Berlin have declared that the elevated railway stations and the tracks, since they form part of the Soviet zone railway system, are under the protection of the Soviet authorities.

Haifa Refineries To Resume

HAIFA, May 22. (PTI-Reuter): New British personnel for the Consolidated Oil Refineries in Haifa have arrived to prepare to resume operations, according to a source close to the refinery management here today.

Considerable quantities of New machinery and about 30 new cars have been received here lately, the source added.

The question of resumption had already been touched on in London talks between Israel and British financial delegations.

News in Brief

HOLLYWOOD, May 22. (U.P.A.): Metro Goldwyn Mayer studios announced that the filming of "Quo Vadis" in Italy has been postponed until the spring of 1950 because of an eye ailment which hospitalized Gregory Peck this week.

* * *

Film actor James Stewart, Hollywood's veteran bachelor, said to-day that he will marry Gloria Hattrick McLean in August.

* * *

WASHINGTON, May 21. (U.P.A.): The Air Force announced today that 15 F-80 Shooting Star jet fighters will be flown across the Atlantic next week as replacements for the 36th Fighter Group at Furstenfeldbruck, Germany.

* * *

WASHINGTON, May 21. (U.P.A.): An Agricultural Department official today predicted increased grain shortages in Europe this year. Nathan Keenig, executive assistant to Secretary of Agriculture Charles F. Brannan, in a radio speech, said that European nations will be caught between a shortage of domestic grain and a shortage of dollars in import supplies.

* * *

TOKYO, May 22. (U.P.A.): The Welfare Ministry said today that 6,500 cases of human traffic in children in all parts of Japan have been discovered to date. Under orders from General MacArthur's Headquarters the Ministry recently launched an intense drive to stamp out this social evil and investigations into suspected cases had been in progress about six months.

* * *

SAN FRANCISCO, May 22. (U.P.A.): A group of 35 high Spanish Catholics arrived here last night by plane from New York on a pilgrimage to Japan for the 400th anniversary of the landing of St. Francis Xavier in that country as the first of the Christian missionaries.

* * *

LONDON, May 22 (U.P.A.): Ann Todd, British screen star, and David Lean, Director of "Great Expectations" and other major British films, were married yesterday.

* * *

PRAGUE, May 22 (U.P.A.): United States Ambassador Joseph Jacobs announced today that the Czech Government has agreed to release two American soldiers sentenced two months ago to long prison terms for "espionage".

* * *

The U.P. Government has sanctioned the construction of a women's hospital at Indupur in the District of Deoria at a cost of Rs. 69,000. An additional sum of Rs. 10,000 has been sanctioned for furniture and equipment for the hospital.

Available in about 600 different flavours, the banana is an easily digested fruit, containing vitamins A, B, C, D and E and a larger percentage of potash, phosphorous, calcium and iron than the apple or orange. Besides the fruit, other parts of the banana tree are also useful to man. The tender portion of the stem is cooked and eaten; the ash of the plant is used as food in Assam and also for washing clothes. Banana leaves are widely used as plates, and its stem as fodder for cattle. Experiments have shown that banana stems cut into short pieces can furnish as much as half of the roughage necessary for oxen. While not as valuable as Manila hemp, the fibre of the banana has been used for a number of purposes.—PIB.

With 5 Vitamins & Minerals

IT'S GOOD TO EAT MORE BANANA

THE refrain of an old, now almost-forgotten song "We have no bananas" expresses not only the wistful longing for a delicious breakfast fruit but as is often the case, opens up a field of knowledge—this time into the "new science of nutrition.

How valuable is the banana? That is not a mere rhetorical question. The exact protein, calorie, and carbohydrate contents of the banana, its average yield per acre, and its cost of production are matters of considerable economic importance to India, in the context of its overall shortage of food, and the Government's determination to free the country from the deadweight of imported foodgrains, within a specified period.

The banana tree is one of the ancient denizens of India. Alexander the Great found the plant in the Indus valley in 327 B.C. and Arabs seem to have introduced it from India into Palestine and Egypt. Today, among the fruits grown in our country, with the exception of the mango, the largest area is under banana cultivation. Madras is first with over 128,000 acres and Bengal a distant second with about 44,000 acres. It is believed that parts of Orissa, West Bengal, Assam, Bihar, the U.P. and South India possess abundant scope for the expansion of banana cultivation.

The banana tree, whose fruit needs no introduction, furnishes food in a variety of forms, fodder for cattle, thatching for the poor man's house and fibre for a number of purposes. The banana contains vitamins A, B, C, D and E and a larger percentage of potash, phosphorus, calcium and iron than the apple or orange.

A VALUABLE FOOD

If the yield of all crops under optimum conditions is considered, the banana stands first in the number of calories produced per acre, over 50,00,000. The sweet potato is the second best with 38,80,000 and the calorie yield of wheat and rice per acre is 12,60,000 and 12,80,000 respectively. In its yield per acre of proteins and carbo-hydrates also the banana is markedly superior to rice, wheat and the potato. In well-kept plantations an annual yield of 60,000 lbs. of bananas per acre has been secured.

It has been stated that a few bananas a day taken with milk provide all the ingredients of a balanced diet for a sedentary worker. The banana is easily digestible, and is used as a corrective both for over-weight and under-weight and for combating diarrhoea as well as constipation. Persons allergic to milk or eggs have found the banana a delicious alternative.

RANGE OF VARIETIES

India grows 600 varieties of bananas, but only a few are of any commercial importance. In Madras the best known variety is the "Povan" which accounts for 54 per cent of the total acreage under bananas, with the Malabar variety "Nendran" coming next. West Bengal and Bombay also grow many varieties, the more popular being the "Sabri," "Champa" and "Kachkela" in the Eastern province, and the "Basrai", "Safed Velchi" and "Lal Velchi" in Bombay.

Banana consumption figures for individual provinces also show a wide variation ranging from 87 lbs. per annum per head in Bengal, 51.6 lbs. in Madras, to only half a pound per annum in the U.P.

While it is true that centres of production show a high percentage of consumption, lack of quick transport is not the only explanation for the low intake of bananas in some parts of the country. Greater efforts should be made to popularise the banana as an essential item in the daily diet of our countrymen. It was probably this lack of endeavour which led the Bengal Famine Enquiry Commission to state that "Whereas half a pound of milk daily for every Indian child is unfortunately a remote ideal, a banana a day is a practicable and attainable objective."

OTHER USES

Besides the fruit of the banana tree, its other parts are also useful. The tender portion of the stem is cooked and eaten; the ash of the plant is used as food in Assam and also for washing clothes. Banana leaves are widely used as plates, and its stem as fodder for cattle. Experiments have shown that banana stems cut into short pieces can furnish as much as half of the roughage necessary for oxen. While not as valuable as Manila hemp, the fibre of the banana has been used for a number of purposes.

Green bananas are used as vegetables and also dried and ground into what is variously called 'banana flour', 'plantain meal', etc. This is a cottage industry in Madras and on the West coast of India.

BEST BY EVERY TEST

The banana therefore furnishes food in a variety of forms, fodder for cattle, thatching for the poor man's hut, and fibre for a number of purposes. The fruit contains many vitamins, protein, fat, essential minerals and an abundance of easily digestible sugar. The banana justifies its claim among fruits to be the best by every test. It deserves a more important place in the Indian dietary than it has secured so far.

INCREASING CAPACITY OF U.S. BOMBERS

LANGLEY FIELD (Virginia), May 22 (UPA): Government scientists disclosed yesterday that the bomb capacity of B-36 type planes on 10,000-mile combat missions may be jumped from the present five-ton limit to 30 tons. This six-fold jump in the mammoth bomber punching power still is on paper. But scientists said that it probably will come to pass.

Officials of the National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics also revealed that the United States is "right on the edge" of knowing how to build "completely satisfactory" super-sonic fighters. The job could be done in a reasonably short time under the impetus of war emergency, they said, although science has not yet unearthed enough basic information as of today.

NO DAMOCLES SWORD ON FOREIGN INVESTOR

Mr. G. D. Birla On Need To Allay U. S. Fears

NEW YORK, May 22 (PTI).

MR. GHANASHYAM DAS BIRLA, Indian business magnate, said in an interview here today that Prime Minister Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's forthcoming visit to the United States might provide an opportunity for a further clarification of India's policy to foreign capital—if American Big Business wanted it.

Mr. Birla, during the first few days of his brief visit here, has explored possibilities of American collaboration, through capital investments and the participation of their "Industrial Know How", as he puts it, in the development of Indian industry.

Mr. Birla said: "I have met a large number of top American businessmen in such diverse fields as automobile manufacture, electrical goods, power generating plants, textiles and oils. I have also met big financiers, bankers and heads of structural engineering concerns.

"Businessmen here generally are very sympathetic to India. They realise that with China gone and other parts of Asia in turmoil, India is the only country that could contribute toward peace in Asia."

Asked about his estimate of the foreign capital that would be needed, Mr. Birla said: "If we are to industrialise our country quickly, we must rely on buying our requirements in England and America.

'KNOW-HOW' WANTED

"I think in America we may have to spend anything like one thousand million dollars in the next few years. That could be done only if the American investors helped not merely with money but with America's industrial 'Know How.'

"The World Bank is likely to help India, but not with large sums. Therefore, it cannot solve our problem. If India is to industrialise quickly and also to improve her agriculture, she must rely to a very large extent on American help and co-operation. Mutual contacts and removal of doubts are, thus, very essential. Our Embassy under our new Ambassador, Mrs. Vijayalakshmi Pandit, is expected to remove these doubts.

Explaining what these doubts were, Mr. Birla said: "The private business man here is not at all in a mood to sink money abroad, and least of all in India. He does not want unreasonable profits, but at the same time he does not want to burn his fingers, as in Mexico." The Americans, continued Mr. Birla, appeared to have "exaggerated fears" regarding current industrial laws in India and the excessive regimentation."

The Americans were also scared by the high level of taxation, the proposed profit-sharing plan and control bill and the uncertainty about bringing their money back.

"I feel," Mr. Birla said, "the Government of India will have to realise they cannot have this Damocles sword hanging on the foreign investor and yet ask him from across the seas to come and help."

Standardisation Of Screw-Threads

NEW DELHI, May 21, (API)—Britain, the United States and Canada have now agreed to unify their standards for screw-threads, marking the successful culmination of a 30-year effort to arrive at a compromise.

This is one of the striking developments in the field of international standardisation reported in the latest issue of the Indian Quarterly Journal of the Indian Standards Institution.

HANDICAPS OF C. P. TEXTILE INDUSTRY

Millowners Deputation To Regional Director

NAGPUR, May 22. (A.P.I.): Practical difficulties of the Textile Industry in the Province in the matter of standardising of quality of cloth, as recommended by the Textile Production Control Committee, were explained to Mr. R. U. Shah, Regional Director of Production for Central India Zone, by the C.P. Millowners here.

Mr. Shah visited all the eleven textile mills in the Province and later met the millowners.

It was explained to him that inferior and adulterated raw cotton, which mills had to buy in markets during the last season, was a serious handicap in the matter of implementing the recommendations of the Production Control Committee.

A committee of four representatives of the Textile Industry in C.P. was set up to draw up a detailed memorandum for submission to the Textile Commissioner, Government of India, and to suggest that implementation of the Production Control Committee's recommendations should be deferred till the next cotton season in October in so far as textile mills in the Central Provinces were concerned.

Mr. Shah placed before the millowners a suggestion to set up a Regional Manufacturing Committee with its headquarters at Indore for the Central India region and asked them to nominate their representatives to this Committee.

SEPARATION OF EXECUTIVE

U. P. Experimental Scheme

LUCKNOW, May 22, (A.P.I.): The scheme for the separation of the executive and judicial functions of the magistrates is now on trial in eight districts of the United Provinces, the Provincial Government in a news-letter said here today.

The judicial officers among the magistrates will be under the charge of judicial additional district magistrates. Seven judicial additional district magistrates have been posted in seven districts of the U.P.—Bulandshahr, Mathura, Shahjahanpur, Unnao, Sitapur, Farrukhabad and Jhansi under the new experiment.

The Saurashtra Government are organising marine police to patrol Saurashtra coast, from Ghogha in the Gulf of Cambay to Malia in the Gulf of Cutch to check smuggling.

Perfumes From Orange Peels, Newsprint From Straw

"WASTES" FIND A GOOD USE

WASHINGTON, May 22.

Increasing use is being made of agricultural crops and "wastes" as sources of raw materials for industry in the United States. Known as "farm chemurgy", the industrial use of agricultural crops and residues is benefiting both farmers and wage earners.

The progress made in chemurgy in the United States was reviewed recently at the fourteenth annual conference of the National Farm Chemurgic Council at Memphis, Tennessee. The council, a private nonprofit organization of farmers, scientists and industrialists, plays an important part in fostering chemurgic research.

Working closely with the council is the U.S. Department of Agriculture. Some of the chemurgic accomplishments of the department's four regional research laboratories since 1938 were displayed at the conference.

While there have been many advances in growing crops specifically for industrial uses, some of the biggest developments have come in the use of "wastes" from crops usually grown for food and fiber. Burned, allowed to rot, or dumped in rivers in the past, some of these wastes have become the basis for new industries.

Corn cobs, for example, now are processed to yield furfural, a chemical used in oil refining and also as an ingredient in nylon. Rice hulls are used in plastics, wallboard, and several other products.

Citrus peels and pulp from canning factories are being converted into perfumes, flavourings and cattle feed. They also can be used for making alcohol. Sugar cane bagasse is yielding wax for phonograph records and fibers for wallboard. Sawdust is going into synthetic wood panels. Sawdust also can be used to make alcohol, cattle feed, and sugar.

STRAW FOR NEWSPRINT

The discovery that straw and similar fibre residues can be used to manufacture newsprint and fine papers is being developed commercially. The demand for wood pulp, however, is not expected to suffer from straw competition. Industrial requirements for wood pulp are steadily increasing.

Even stumps of pine trees, such as those grown in the southern United States, are being used. The stumps are ground and distilled to yield resins for plastics, while the residues of cooked chips have been used for linoleum, a floor covering, and for soil conditioners. An important aspect of this new development is that thousands of acres of stumpland in the southern states are being cleared, leaving the land in condition for improved agriculture or for a mechanized process of reforestation.

These are only a few examples of the industrial uses of agricultural crops and wastes. Despite this progress, the National Farm Chemurgic Council believes the surface has only been scratched, both in research to find new industrial uses for agricultural crops and in the commercial application of discoveries already made.

An idea of future possibilities is gleaned from the papers read before the council's conference by more than 30 leaders in farming, science and industry.

Dr Walter M Scott, director of the U.S Agriculture Department's Southern Regional Research Laboratory at New Orleans, Louisiana, told the conference: "Altogether it appears that peanuts stand on the threshold of a great industrial future as a source of vegetable protein for use in the manufacture of fiber as well as many other types of industrial products."

Dr. S C Pan, visiting research professor from China, noted the promising future of producing fats from such relatively cheap carbohydrate materials as molasses. Development of such an industry, he said, could be a means of providing relief for fat-deficient countries.—USIS.

Shipping News

IMPORTS

BOMBAY, May 21.

S. S. EXMINSTER

From New York: 335 bl camphor 44 bdls. steel plates plates, 31 c/s electric motors 105 c/s textile winding machinery and parts 29 b/s s/h clothing 144 c/s c. cylinders, 160 ctns flourscent holders 201 c/s synthetic resins 607 ctns auto bulbs 80 ctns synchronizer flash lamps 48 c/s essential oil 56 bdls iron pipes 63 dms lacquer thinner 100 dms paraffin liquid 22 c/s steel bolts and nuts, 126 bdls. books, 110 ctns streptomycin, 100 c/s diesel engines 100 dms textile oil 100 empty acid proof drums 88 c/s pharmaceutical prod. 300 stns battery parts 30 ctns canned beer 435 dms diesel oil 844 c/s auto parts.

From Philadelphia: 1,300 dms white lubricating oil 286 bls camphor 231 skids tin plades waste waste 250 dms mineral colza oil 91 c/s ball bearings 185 ctns nitro cellulose lacquers 132 bdls steel bars.

From Baltimore: 261 bdls tinplate 1,626 bdls galvanized steel wire shorts 36 boxes machinery

EXPORTS

S. S. DWARKA

To Khoramshahr: 50 bags turmeric —H. M. Rustom.

To Kuwait: 80 bags cardamoms—A. H. Shaya.

To Karachi: 100 bags onions—N. D. Roy 45 bkts betel leaves—M. Ellias & Co. 15 bkts betel leaves—J. Pradhan 30 bkts betel leaves—L. Beharilal 15 bkts betel leaves—Rajab & Co. 25 bkts betel leaves—K. Vallabhdas 20 bkts betel leaves—A Moosa 45 bkts betel leaves—Bombay Rebooking Agency 15 bkts betel leaves—B. Baboo & Co. 20 bkts betel leaves—C. Govindji 15 bkts betel leaves—Akbar & Co. 15 bkts betel leaves—A. S. Panwalla 15 bkts betel leaves—M. Imam 50 bkts betel leaves—Mohamad Din & Co. 85 bkts betel leaves—A. Alimahomed 95 bkts betel leaves—M. Balam & Co. 40 bkts betel leaves—C. A. Aziz.

S.S. JALA USHA

To Antwerp: 100 bales cotton waste —Edward T. Robertson & Son.

S. S. EXPLORER

To New York: 445 bags myrabollams —Rajaram Bachoobhai.

S. S. STAR BETELGUESE

To Colombo: 520 drums paint—Goodlass Wall Ltd.

S. S. RIDDERKERK

To Sydney: 58 bags soap stone pdr. —The Podar Trading Co. Ltd.

To Auckland: 130 bags groundnut seeds—Indian Produce Co. Ltd. 215 bags groundnut kernel—S. M. Rajgour Co. 814 boxes walnuts—M/s. Krishna Kapoor & Co.

To Melbourne: 139 c/s walnut meat —M/s. Krishna Kapoor & Co. 280 dms linseed oil—National Paint & Industrial Works 168 bags myrabollams— P. Mathradas & C. Ltd.

To Lyttelton: 52 bags groundnut seeds—Indian Produce Co. Ltd. 26 bags groundnut kernels—S M. Rajgour Co.

S. S. HOEGH SILVERSTAR

To New York: 75 bales jute rags—Chunilal & Co. 100 bales jute rags waste—Chunilal & Co. 500 bags myrabollams—Rex Commercial Corp.

To Byrauth: 183 dms linseed oil—B. Ramgopal 160 bags G. N seeds—C. Kasturchand.

S. S. TARANTIA

To Liverpool: 1,649 bags crushed bones—J. J. Rahimtoola & Co. 819 dms glycerine—Lever Bros. (India) Ltd.

To Manchester: 60 bales cotton waste—H. S. (Manchester) Ltd. 175 bales cotton waste—C. O. Vora.

S. S. CARBONELLOA

To Port Sudan: 65 bags dry ginger—M. Vandravan.

To Venice: 300 bales raw cotton—M/s. Volkart Bros.

To Aden: 202 bdls coffee husks—Y. H. Gulamhusein & Bros.

S. S. CEYLON

To Antwerp: 193 bales oily waste—M/s. Rallis India Ltd. 250 bales cotton waste—L. O. Vora 91 bales cotton waste—Nagerdas Thaker 123 bales cotton waste—Edward T. Robert son & Son. 15 bales cotton waste—Manubhai Narotamdas & Co.

To Gothenburg: 282 bales cotton waste—Nagerdas Thaker.

To Port Said: 180 bkts tamarind—Hariram Khiaram.

To Rotterdam: 59 bales cotton waste —Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd.

To Bergen: 161 bales cotton waste—Sapt Textile Products (India) Ltd.

To Barcelona: 230 bales cotton waste —Nagerdas Thaker

S. S. COULGORM

To Melbourne: 128 bags myrabollams—Rex Commercial Corp.

Arrivals And Departures Of Steamers

ARRIVALS

'JALAGANGA' arrived from Calcutta with 6430 tons of coal on May 21. (Scindia & Co.)

'STUGARD' arrived from Liverpool with 2787 tons of general cargo on May 21. (Killick Nixon).

DEPARTURES

'JALAGOPAL' sailed for Rangoon with 2519 tons of grain and general cargo on May 20.

'GREENWICH' sailed for Freemantle, Australia with ballast on May 20.

'SPARTA' sailed for Genoa with 725 tons of general cargo on May 20.

NATIONAL CADET CORPS

Steps To Raise Girls' Division

NEW DELHI, May 21 (A.P.I.): Nine women teachers from East Punjab, West Bengal and the Central Provinces have been undergoing a three-month training course in wireless signalling, radio telephoning, motor driving, automobile engineering, first aid and nursing in an Army unit here. After their training they will be commissioned as officers in the girls division of the National Cadet Corps.

This is the first step taken by the Government for the setting up of an organisation on a military basis for training of girls.

The objects of the scheme include developing of the personality of girls, making them more self reliant building up their physique and enabling them in times of emergency to relieve men working in signal offices and air raid reporting centres for military duties.

The Government in the initial stage propose to raise a unit each in the three provinces. A unit will consist of 90 cadets and three teacher officers. The cost of raising and maintaining the girls division will be met by the Provincial Government. The Central Government will bear the expenditure on the staff required at the headquarters which will exercise control over the units.

The nine women teachers undergoing training wear the olive green uniforms of the army, bush shirts and trousers, and the question of their headgear is engaging the attention of the Government of India.

These teachers will go back after training to their respective provinces and raise girls division units in the educational institutions there.

EXPORT OF IRON ORE TO JAPAN

Movement Completed On Schedule

NEW DELHI, May 21. The movement of 8,000 tons of iron ore from Barajamda to Calcutta for export to Japan was completed on May 15 according to schedule. This movement was planned by the Standing Committee of the Central Board of Transport and involved the running of eight special trains.

The Committee was informed that the movements of food and fodder from Madhya Bharat and other supply centres to the famine areas in Gujerat and Saurashtra were satisfactory.

Reviewing cement movements, the Committee noted that during April and upto May 19, 1949, cent per cent transport facilities had been provided to almost all the factories in the Dominion. It was stated that certain cement factories were not indenting up to the quotas sanctioned.

Among the new demands for transport approved by the Committee was the allocation of 20 wagons a month for the next two months for the movement of rubber tyres from Bombay to Delhi.

NEW YORK COTTON

NEW YORK, May 21, (PTI-Reuter):—COTTON:—The market opened quiet with traders generally awaiting fresh developments particularly regarding crop progress, exports and textile trade. Meanwhile trading was centred on nearby deliveries which were influenced early by hedge selling and liquidation. The market finally closed steady on scattered routine trade demands plus a few end week fixations. The volume of business was approximately 33,000 bales.

Stocks

Trading incentive was lacking today —only 100,000 shares were exchanged in the first hour—and the market fluctuated narrowly with numerous traders speculating on labour possibilities and keeping an eye on the Washington scene where there is talk that the Senate may try to repeal the Taft Hartley Labour Law sooner than was expected. Price changes either way rarely reached one point and appeared evenly divided with numerous pivotal issues holding very steady. Oils gave a mixed reception to the continued shakiness of the heavy fuel oil price structure. While future quarterly reports of many leading firms may make poor comparisons with those of the first quarter of 1949, some quarters feel that the bearish element may be over discounting anticipated bad news. The market closed quietly steady with the composite average rate a shade higher.

Chicago Grains

Chicago grains were active and erratic with the market dominated by final evening up operations in May contract and featured by alternate flurries of liquidation and short covering. Business otherwise mostly involved switching from spot month to later deliveries. Weather news was generally favourable with heavy beneficial rains reported in sections of the maize belt. Towards the close, prices worked into new highs for the day with belated short covering in May contracts imparting strength to the entire list.

Improving Population Statistics

NEW DELHI May 21 (UPI): The Government of India have decided to initiate steps forthwith for developing and improving the systematic collection of statistics bearing upon the size and growth of population, and for this purpose they have decided to establish a single organisation at the centre in the ministry of home affairs to deal with population statistics including vital statistics and census.

An Advisory Committee with the following members has been constituted to advise the Registrar-General and ex-officio Census Commissioner in technical and scientific matters:—Dr. K. E. Raja, (Director General, Health Services), Dr Gyan Chand, Prof. P C. Mahalanobis, and Mr A. Rajagovalan (Government Actuary).

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The Bombay Chronicle

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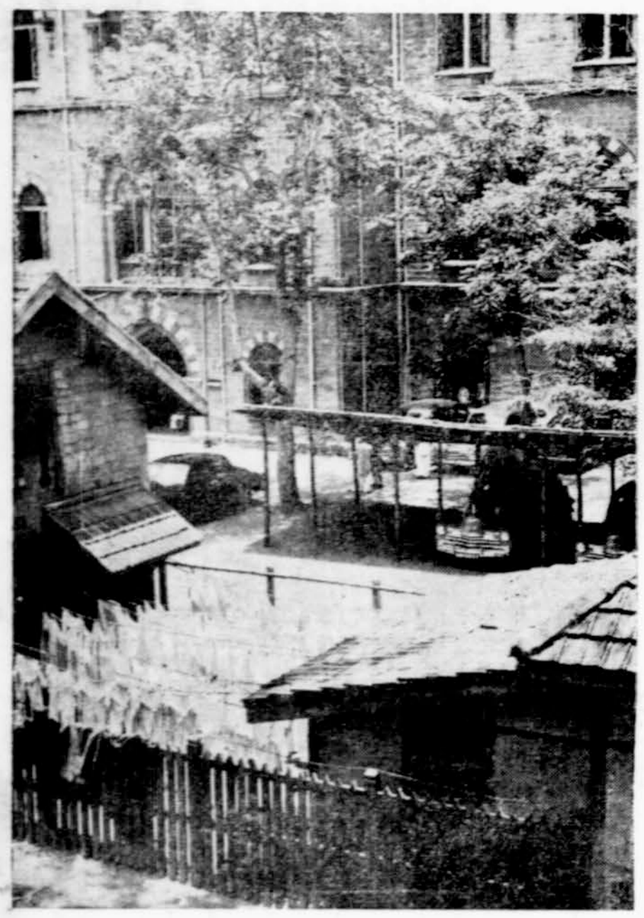
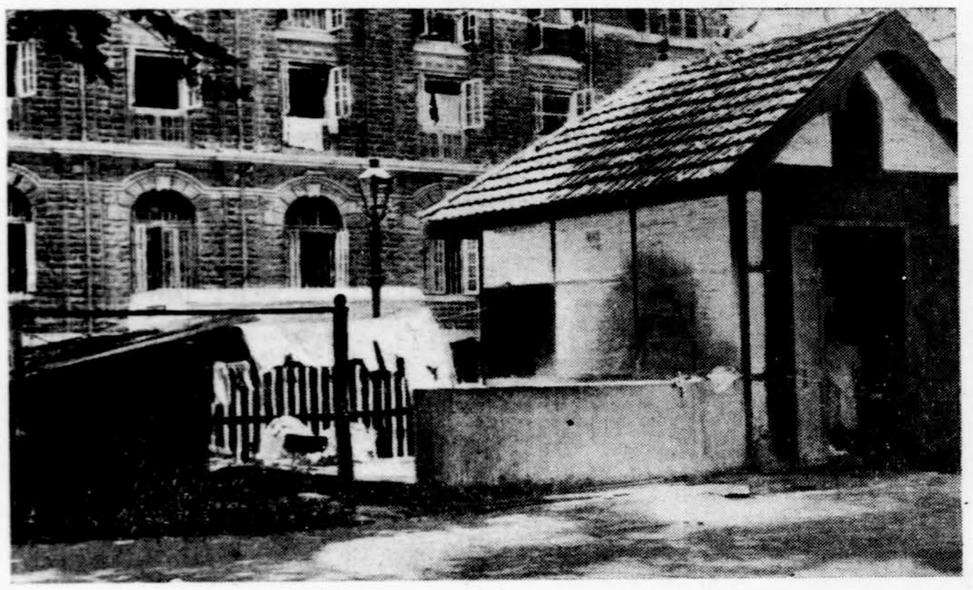
HOW BOMBAY LIVES



THE MOST ARISTOCRATIC LAUNDRY IN BOMBAY: Above is a view of the clothes lines with their washed burden, the minister's car in the make-shift garage with the imposing walls of Bombay Castle in the background. SWELL COMPANY: A close up of the minister's car with the clothes lines in the background (below).



TWELVE RUPEES A HUNDRED: The discreet Dhobi engaged in ironing his clothes inside his shop. The bhatti is behind the wall and the tell-tale smoke mark on the garage wall shows its site.

Bombay Castle Houses Laundry

SECRETARIAT HAS NO RECORD OF DHOBI IN ITS COMPOUND

WITHIN the precincts of Bombay Castle, the seat of the Government of this vast province, the nerve centre from which flow orders for the governance of the presidency, is a small, but quite conspicuous Dhobi Ghat.

Clerks and coolies, ministers and demonstrators, secretaries and reporters have all noticed the dhobi ghat for generations. But it has been so much a part of the landscape that nobody has paused to ask the why and how of it. Even the ministers whose cars are parked amidst the clothes lines on which are hung all the washing of the day seem to have taken the dhobi ghat for granted.

But the dhobi and the little business which he runs are recorded nowhere in the files of the civil secretariat. This dhobi is the aristocrat of his tribe; for which of his fraternity can live and work so close to the bureaucrats who rule the land?

But the laundry is by no means an exclusive affair—washing and creasing the clothes of the Secretariat staff. It is a public laundry!

The other day when the Dhobi deigned to grant an interview to one of our reporters—who had just finished his conference with the Home Minister—this conversation took place.

Reporter: Can you wash my clothes and deliver it home?

Dhobi: Where do you want the clothes delivered?

Reporter: Well, my house is in Byculla; but I am working in the "Chronicle." Can you deliver them at my office?

Dhobi: Near the Circle Gardens? I got lots of customers round about there.

Reporter: Don't you wash Secretariat clothes exclusively?

Dhobi: No, only Bam Sab (whoever he be) gives me his washings.

The Dhobi flourished some pants and half pants, pyjamas and a couple of blouses and children's frocks and said, "See, how I wash. These are Bam Sab's."

The Dhobi said that he was running the laundry for years and years as long as he could remember. Exactly, how the Civil Secretariat Laundry had its genesis, he could not say—the details being lost in the mists of antiquity.

It must also be mentioned that this Dhobi asked for Rs. 12 a hundred pieces, while the usual rate is Rs. 8 or so. Perhaps, his being in such immediate proximity to the headquarters of the Government and running his shop hardly a few paces away from where the different Ministers sit and "run their shops", confers on him a certain distinction. The extra four rupees is the price of that distinction!

There is not much harm done by this poor chap to anybody. But, there is just a chance that visitors to the Secretariat, might go away with the wrong impression about the activities of our Government. They might come to the totally wrong conclusion, that amidst a multitude of functions and activities, the Government of Bombay, is also running laundry as some sort of a side-line to augment provincial revenues.

ANDHRAS HAVE NO CLAIM ON MADRAS

Pattabhi Explains

VIJAYAWADA, May 22 (UPI): The Andhras "cannot put in any claim for the city of Madras as part of the Andhra Province, at any time". This view has been once again expressed by Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the Indian National Congress, in a communication he has addressed to the Secretary of the Andhra Provincial Linguistic Provinces League.

This letter is in reply to the communication of the League's Secretary, containing the resolution passed by the League Executive, on the Jawahar-Pattabhi-Vallabhbhai Report on the question of Linguistic Provinces.

Dr. Pattabhi says: "I am surprised to see that you interpreted the three-man committee report as a repudiation of the age-old pledges of the Congress, in regard to the Linguistic Provinces. On the other hand, it is a confirmation of the principles, and a recommendation for the implementation of the Provinces of South India, having regard to the time and circumstances.

Karnataka cannot have the province without Mysore and Kerala without Travancore and Cochin. The way is being got ready for such preliminaries.

"As regards the Andhras, you may approve of the recommendations, but you say 'without prejudice to the claims for the city of Madras'. You can only have compensation but cannot put any claim for the city of Madras as part of the Andhra Province at any time".

"SPONGE" TO EARN DOLLARS FOR SIND

KARACHI, May 22 (UPI): A dollar-earning commodity washed ashore along the Sind coast by the receding tide every day is proposed to be exploited by the Government of Sind to advantage, it was learnt today.

The commodity is the "sponge", billions of which are available along the rocky coast of Sind and Baluchistan and are said to be invaluable to pottery manufacture.

An association of pottery manufacturers in the United States which accidentally came upon the potentialities of the Sind sponge through one of its visiting experts is understood to have called for samples of this commodity, which can also be used in the manufacture of iodine and other medicines and chemicals.

Indian Mission in Nepal

RAXAUL, May 22 (UPI). India's Cultural and Scientific Goodwill Mission to Nepal headed by Prof. S N Bose, President, India's National Institute of Science, including P.of Rajnath, Professor of Geology, Prof P. Maheshwari, Professor of Botany, Delhi University, Prof. Kumar Raja, Professor of Sanskrit, Madras University and Col. Shardul Bharamsah Under Secretary, Ministry of External Affairs, arrived at Kathmandu today.

Mixed Grill

ON MONDAY, July 6 last year, the Bombay Chronicle carried a report of a function at which Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Government of Bombay was the central figure.

The report said in part. "Fourteen-hundred residents, Hindus and Muslims, of three hundred huts situated opposite the Shriram Mills at Furguson Road, Bombay, today gave an assurance to Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Government of Bombay, that they would not drink in future and prove worthy of Gandhian principles of truth and non-violence. The occasion was the naming of an area covering 7,200 square yards on which the huts are constructed as Gandhi Nagar"..... Addressing the gathering on the occasion, Mr. Desai said that since they were free now, it was the duty of every worker to be more disciplined and united and not to be misled by any selfish leader.....The Home Minister said that they were naming the locality as Gandhi Nagar, but he would advise them not to do so unless they pledged they would follow Gandhiji's teachings.

On Thursday last the Chronicle carried on its last page a pictorial feature in its series "How Bombay Lives", which described how unaffected by the sweepers' strike, Gandhi Nagar carried on in dirt and squalor. Here are a few extracts from the write-up which our reporter gave after a tour of this locality.

"The name sounds sweet. Anything with such a good name as Gandhi Nagar must have something peculiarly beautiful.....As far as I could find out, there was no Nagar, no colony—in fact no houses. Gandhi Nagar was nothing more than two uneven rows of hovels scattered near a cesspool. The hovels defy description. They are strange contraptions made of dried leaves, gunny bags bamboo splinters....."

It is needless to quote more of that moving description, nor is it necessary to comment on it, except to express the faint hope that some day our busy Home Minister may find time to visit again one day, the spot which was named Gandhi Nagar at a function at which he presided.

Grumbler

VILLAGES TO SETTLE REFUGEES

West Bengal Plans

CALCUTTA, May 22 (A.P.I.): The West Bengal Government have decided to build a number of new villages in the Sunderbans coastal belt of the Bay of Bengal, for the settlement of refugees from East Bengal it is learnt.

The villages will be constructed on Khas Mahal lands and will have a network of schools, roads, dispensaries and seed stores. Each refugee family will be given financial aid for construction of dwelling houses and for purchasing bullocks, seed and manure.

The first village will be built on 3,000 'bighas' of land under Mathurapur police station, 24 Parganas. A batch of 200 families selected by the Government is expected to leave for Mathurapur next week.

SANDBANKS NEAR INDUS DELTA

Sequel To Tidal Wave

KARACHI, May 22 (UPI): The secure tidal wave that swept the coast of Sind in 1945 and subsequent earth tremors have caused changes of the Sind coast particularly at Sanri near the Indus delta where dangerous sand banks have appeared, it was revealed today.

It was stated that at least four major tragedies to country craft, had occurred during the last three monsoons near the mouths of the Indus, where, on one occasion, a new uncharted half-a-mile long sand-bank was detected.

A re-survey of the Sind coast was accordingly proposed to be done by the Government of Pakistan to revise the existing charts, which were made several decades ago.

Moreover, to avert capsizing tragedies within the Karachi port, the Deputy Conservator of the Karachi Port Trust has issued stringent instructions to tindals of country craft as to the manner of wearing the sails of their vessels while within the port limits.

Madhya Bharat Talks Fail

GWALIOR, May 22 (UPI): Mr. Liladhar Joshi, former Premier of Madhya Bharat, accompanied by Mr. Vaidehichran Parashar, a member of the Union Legislature, left for Dehra Dun to meet Sardar Patel and apprise him of the situation arising out of the breakdown of their talks with Mr. Vijayavargiya, the Premier, to constitute a composite Ministry for Madhya Bharat.

Mr. Liladhar Joshi, it is learnt, is likely to file a representation with the Central Parliamentary Board against what his supporters characterised as "gross violation" by Mr. Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya of the clear mandate of the Congress Assembly Party that the new Ministry should be formed in consultation with Liladhar Joshi.

Mr Gopikrishna Vijayavargiya left for New Delhi today 'en route' to Dehra Dun to apprise Sardar Patel of the critical political situation in the Union following the complete breakdown of negotiations between him and Mr. Liladhar Joshi, to constitute a composite Ministry for Madhya Bharat.

Kanpur Bank Employees Vote For Strike

KANPUR, May 22 (A.P.I.): Bank employees in Kanpur have voted in favour of the strike proposed to be called in the Province by the U. P. Bank Employees Union. Five hundred and twelty-eight voted for the strike and 65 against.

Bombay Ban On Uniforms Extended To States

BARODA, May 22 (A.P.I.): The Government of Bombay has prohibited the wearing in public of apparel resembling military or police uniforms by organisations in the States merged with Bombay Province, says a press note.

Anthropological Survey

GAUHATI, May 22 (A.P.I.): An anthropological survey of a few tribes in the North-East Frontier Agency has just been completed by a party of anthropologists deputed by the Government of India.

The party went into the interior of Sadiya, the headquarters town of the North-East frontier tract, carried out intelligence tests and investigated the habits and customs of some of the tribes.

NEW STATUS FOR COCHIN CHINA

Incorporation In Viet Nam

PARIS, May 22.

THE French Parliament early today, voted abrogation of Cochin China's colonial status, thus allowing the province to be incorporated in the new Vietnam Republic.

EX-EMPEROR BAO DAI OF ANNAM HAD MADE THIS INCORPORATION A CONDITION OF HIS TAKING POWER IN VIETNAM WHEN ON LAST MARCH 8, HE SIGNED WITH FRENCH PRESIDENT, M. VINCENT AURIOL, AN AGREEMENT WHEREBY FRANCE RECOGNISED THE NEW VIETNAM STATE

The Ex-Emperor flew back to Indo-China at the end of last month but refused to enter the capital, Saigon—which stands in Cochin China until France had set the province free to join Vietnam.

As a result of this morning's decision Bao Dai was expected shortly to leave Dalat, Indo-China's rest centre 130 miles from Saigon and enter the capital.

COMMUNIST OPPOSITION

The motion was passed by 351 votes to 209.

Communists and near Communists, plus a few Rightwing deputies, voted against.

Communist speakers criticised the Government for not dealing with Dr. Ho Chi Minh Viet minh (Autonomist) resistance forces leader, and for backing Dr. Ho's rival, Bao Dai.

It is learnt here that Bao Dai had sent out emissaries to all resistance leaders, including those in Central Vietnam, led by Dr. Ho.

Bao Dai To Contact Nguyen Van Xuan

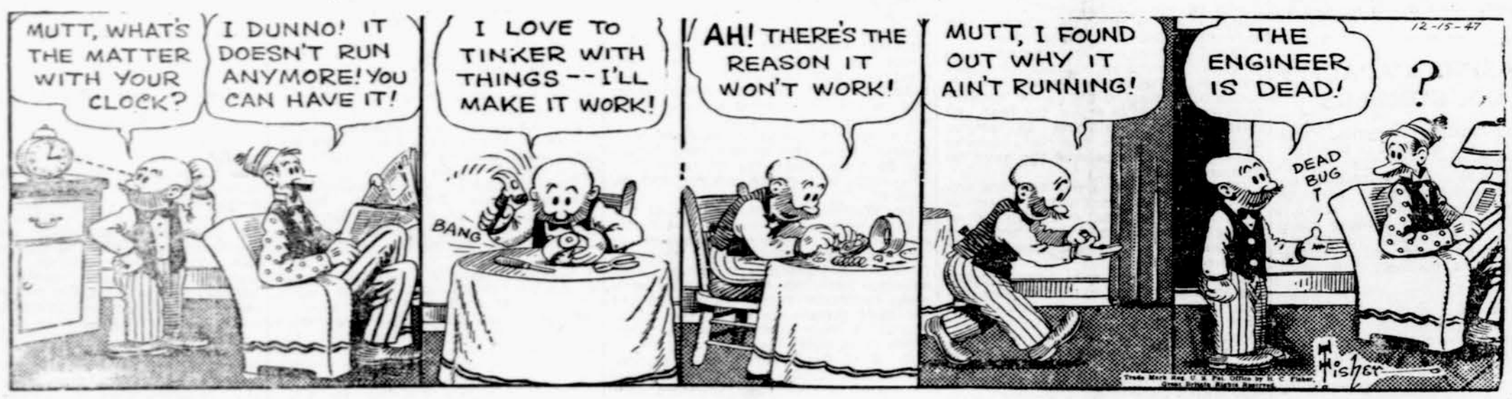
SAIGON, May 21 (PTI-Reuter): Envoys of ex-Emperor Bao Dai of Annam have left his headquarters at Dalat to contact leaders of the Vietminh (Autonomist Resistance Movement) in north and South Viet Nam, Bao Dai's spokesman said tonight.

They would also contact members of the Tongbo, Central Vietnam organisation presided over by Dr. Ho Chi-Minh, the spokesman added.

Difficulties of communication because of the war and the usual geographical hindrances to travel might mean that it would be a long time before the emissaries returned.

Bao Dai also wanted to meet representatives of Nationalist organisations in French-controlled territory, and to continue meeting members of local movements, including General Nguyen Van Xuan, Prime Minister of the Central Provisional Viet Nam Government.

MUTT AND JEFF—Jeff May Not Be A Watchmaker But He Knows His Bugology — By BUD FISHER


MUTT, WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH YOUR CLOCK?
I DUNNO! IT DOESN'T RUN ANYMORE! YOU CAN HAVE IT!
I LOVE TO TINKER WITH THINGS -- I'LL MAKE IT WORK!
BANG
AH! THERE'S THE REASON IT WON'T WORK!
MUTT, I FOUND OUT WHY IT AIN'T RUNNING!
THE ENGINEER IS DEAD!
12-15-47
?
DEAD BUG
T
M Fisher

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